How I Felt When Nominated

By Senator Warren G. Harding and Governor James M. Cox

October 2, 1920

Price-15 Cents
Subscription Price \$7.00 a year

Leslie's Illustrate Wspaper

Vol. CXXXI. No. 3388

Entered as Second-Class matter, January 2, 1913, at the Fost Office at New York City, N. Y., under Act of March 2, 1872, 27.00 a year.
Published weekly by the Lealle-Judge Co., 295, 1914, 1



Columbia has her eye on You and expects You to vote for the Good of the Nation.

Haskell Coffin



WHY REMAIN POOR AND A FAILURE While Others are Rich and Successful?

The short, sure and easy road to success and supremacy.

A SUBTLE PRINCIPLE OF SUCCESS.

This subtle principle in my hands, without education, without capital, without training, without experience, and without study or waste of time and without health, vitality or will power has given me the power to earn more than a million dollars without selling merchandise, stocks, bonds, hooks, drugs, appliances or any material thing of any

This subtle and basic principle of success requires no will power, no exercise, no strength, no energy, no study, no writing, no dieting, no concentration and no conscious deep breathing. There is nothing to practice, nothing to study, and othing to sell

This subtle and basic principle of success does not require that you practice economy or keep records, or memorize, or read, or learn to do anything, or force yourself into any action or invest in any stocks, bonds, books, or

This Subtle Principle must not be confused with memory systems, "will power" systems, Christian Science, psychology, magnetism, thrift or economy, nor should it be confused with health systems, auto-suggestion, concentration, personality," self-confidence or opportunity, nor should this Subtle Principle be confused with initiative, mental endurance, luck, chance, self-analysis or self-control. Neither should this principle be confused with imagination, enthusiasm, persuasion, force or persistence, nor with the art or science of talking or salesmanship, hypnotism, or advertising.

No one has yet succeeded in gaining success

unous is. No one has ever succeeded in failing with it. It is absolutely the masterkey to success, prosperity and su-

When I was eighteen years of age, it looked to me as though I had absolutely no chance to succeed. Fifteen months altogether in common public school was the extent of months altogether in common public school was the extent of my education. I had no money. When my father died, he left me twenty dollars and fifty cents, and I was earning hardly enough to keep myself alive. I had no friends for I was negative and of no advantage to any one. I had no plan of life to help me solve any problem. In fact, I did not know enough to know that life is and was a real problem, even though I had an "acute problem of life" on my hands. I was blue and despondent and thoughts of eternal misery arose in my mind constantly. I was a living and walking worry machine.

I was tired, nervous, restless. I could not sleep. I could not digest without distress. I had no power of application. Nothing appealed to me. Nothing appeared worth doing from the fear that I could not do anything because of my poor equipment of mind and body. I felt that I was shut out of the world of success and I lived in a world of failure.

I was such a pauper in spirit that I blindly depended on drugs and doctors for my health as my father before me. I was a "floater" and depended on luck for success if I were to have any. I consciously or unconsciously believed that if I ever were to have health and success, the result would have if I ever were to have health and success, the result would have to come through some element of ease or assistance or through some mysterious or magical source. The result of this attitude on my part was greater weakness, sickness, failure and misery as is always the case under similar conditions. Gradually my condition became worse. I reached a degree of misery that seemed intolerable. I reached a crisis in my realization of my failure and adverse condition.

Out of this misery and failure and pauperism of spirit—out of this distress—arose within me a desperate reaction—"a final effort to live"—and through this reaction, arose within me, the discovery of the laws and principles of life, evolution, personality, mind, health, success and supremacy. Also not of this misery arose within me the discovery of the inevitable laws and principles of failure and sickness and inferiority.

When I discovered that I had unconsciously employing the principles of failure and sickness, I immehately began to use the principles of success and supremacy.

It life underwent an almost immediate change. I overcame liness through health, weakness through power, inferior evoluon by superior evolution, failure by success, and converted superism into supremacy.

I discovered a principle which I observed that cessful personalities employ, either consciously or uncor



sciously. I also discovered a principle of evolution and be-seved that if I used it, that my conditions would change, for I had but one disease—failure, and therefore there was but one had but one diseasecure—success, and I began to use this principle and out of its use arose my ambition, my powers, my education, my health, my success and my supremacy, etc., etc.

You also may use this principle of success deliberately, purposefully, consciously and profitably.

Just as there is a principle of darkness, there is a principle of failure, ill-health, weakness and negativess. If you use the principle of failure consciously or unconsciously, you are sure always to be a failure. Why seek success and supremacy through blindly seeking to find your path through the maze of difficulties? Why not open your "mental" eyes" through the use of this subtle success principle, and thus deliberately and purposefully and consciously and successfully advance in the direction of supremacy and away from failure

I discovered this subtle principle—this key to and as I am subtle principle—this key to success—through misery and necessity. You need never be miserable to have the benefit of this subtle principle. You may use this success principle just as successful individuals of all time, of all countries, of all races, and of all religions have used it either consciously or unconsciously, and as I am using it consciously and purposefully. It requires no education, no preparation, no preliminary knowledge. Any one can use it,



Any one can harness, employ and capitalize it, and thus put it to work for success and supremacy. Regardless of what kind of success you desire, this subtle principle is the key that opens the avenue to what you want.

Succeed like others through this subtle principle of success. It was used by

P. Morgan, Harriman, Woodrow Wilson, Charles Schwab, Lloyd George, emenceau, arles E. Hughes, Abraham Lincoln, George Washington, Marshall Field,

Sarah Bernhardt, Galli-Curci, Nordica, Melba, Cleopatra, Alexander the Great, Edison, Newton. Alexander the Great Edison, Newton, Wanamaker, Phil Armour, Andrew Carnegie, Frick, Elbert Hubbard, Hiram Johnson, Richard Mansfield, Shakespeare. Shakespeare, Mozart, Richard Wagner,

Lizzt, Mendelssohn, Beethoven, Verdi, Copernicus, Confucius, Mohammed, Cicaro bus, Vanderbilt, Marcus Aurelius, Pericles, Lycurgus, Benjamin Franklin,

and thousands and thousands of others the names of success ful men and women of all times and of all countries and of all religions, and of all colors, make a record of the action of this Subtle Principle of Success. None of these individuals could have succeeded without it—no one can succeed without it—no one can fail with it.

b Every one realizes that human beings owe a duty to each other. Only the very lowest type of human being is selfish to the degree of wishing to profit without helping some one else. This world does not contain very great numbers of the lowest and most selfish type of human beings. Almost every one, in discovering something of value, also wants his fellow man to profit through his discovery. This is precisely my attitude. I feel that I should be neglecting my most important duty towards my fellow human beings, if I did not make every effort—every decent and honest effort—to induce every one to also benefit to a maximum extent through the automatic use of this subtle principle. automatic use of this subtle principle.

I fully realize that it is human nature to have less confidence in this principle because I am putting it in the hands of thousands of individuals for a few pennies, but I cannot help the negative impression I thus possibly create. I must

I do not urge any one to procure it because I offer it for a few pennies, but because the results are great—very great.

This subtle principle is so absolutely powerful and overmastering in its influence for good, profit, prosperity and success, that it would be a sin if I kept it to myself and used it only for my personal benefit.

If this subtle principle of success does not make you rich and successful, it will cost you absolutely nothing —I guarantee it.

So sure am I of the truth of my statements-so So sure am I of the truth of my statements—so absolutely positive am I of the correctness of my assumption and so absolutely certain am I that this principle, in your hands, will work wonders for you that I am willing to place this principle in your hands for twenty-four hours at my risk and expense. You will recognize the value of this principle within twenty-four hours—in fact, almost immediately as you become conscious of it, you will realize its practicability, its potency, its reality and its power and usability for your personal profit, pleasures, advancement, prosperity and success.

Thousands of individuals claim that the infor-

Thousands of individuals claim that the infor-I nousands of individuals claim that the information disclosing and elucidating the secret principle of success is worth a thousand dollars of any one's money. Some have written that they would not take a million dollars for it.

You will wonder that I do not charge a thousand dollars for this information—for disclosing this principle, after you get it into your possession and realize its tremendous power and influence.

I have derived such tremendous results-amazing results from its power, that I want every man, woman and matured child to have this key to success, prosperity and wealth. This is why I am willing to send it to any one—to any address on approval without a single penny in advance.

You would never forgive me, and I could never forgive myself, nor could the creative forces of the Universe forgive us, if I failed to bring you to the point of using this subtle principle of success. You would never forgive me if I failed to do for you that which you would do for me, if our

From every part of the country comes appreciation of my extraordinary discovery — The Subtle Principle of

Success.

"I cannot say too much for your discovery. It is certainly doing wonders for me, even at the advanced age of eighty."

"I thank you for the blessings you have brought to my life through the 'Subtle Principle of Success."

"I can never fully repay you for revealing to me the 'Subtle Principle of Success' and how to use it."

"Your elucidation of the 'Subtle Principle of Success' is wonderful. Even today it is worth a hundred dollars to me."

"Your 'Subtle Principle of Success' is working wonders for me. I would not part with it for a million dollars."

"I regard your 'Subtle Principle of Success' as worth a thousand dollars of any person's money, regardless of how poor the individual may be."

"It is impossible to place a limit to the monetary value of your discovery."

our discovery."
"I am from Missouri. Your 'Subtle Principle of Success' is

the goods."
"I always believed that successful men used a principle which gave them success. I never knew what it was nor how to use it until you explained it to me. It would be just as impossible for me to fail with this principle as it has be possible for me to succeed without it."

possible for me to succeed without it."

"I thank you for the wonderful results I am gaining through the Subtle Principle of Success." I would not take any amount of money for what this principle has done for me already. You

of money for what this principle has done for me already. You are honestly entitled to millions."

"I am a man of my word and would not take one hundred dollars this first day for the information you have given me."

"I am enthusiastic over your discovery of the "Subtle Principle of Success," and at the age of eighty-six, am pursuing success as never before."

"Your Subtle Principle of Success," he in tweatty four hours."

cess as never before."

"Your 'Subtle Principle of Success' has in twenty-four hours given me wonderful results. I am ready to back any statement made in favor of your 'Subtle Principle of Success.' It opens up a new universal opportunity."

"'The Subtle Principle of Success' is doing for me more than you claim. The truth about it is hard to believe."

You want success of some kind. This is your opportunity to get it—to get what you want—guaranteed.

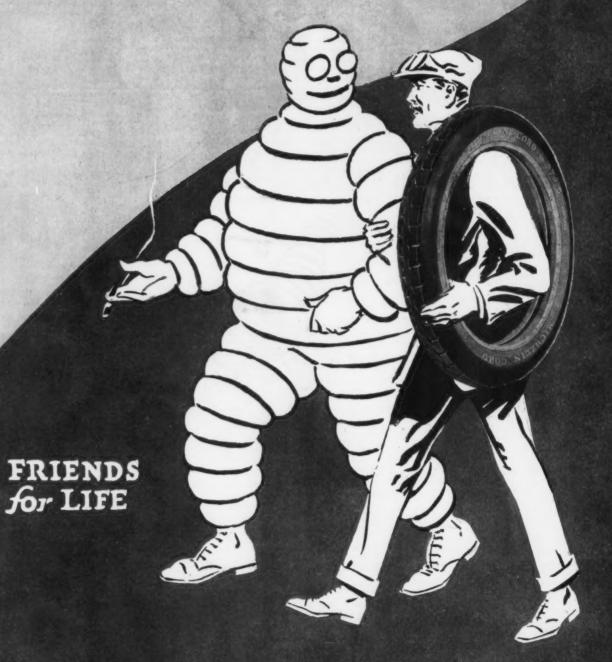
WRITE YOUR ADDRESS on the coupon and mail it to e, and you will receive by return mail, the SUBTLE PRIN-CIPLE OF SUCCESS-the master principle-the equal of which you have never seen.

If this subtle principle of success does not solve your every roblem, it will cost you absolutely nothing.

ALOIS P. SWOBODA, 774 Berkeley Building West 44th Street, New York City

West 44th	SWOBODA, 774 Berkeley Building Street, New York City
You may OF SUCCE	send me, at your risk, "THE SUBTLE PRINCIPLISS."
	to either re-mail it to you, within twenty-four hours of you for to send you Two Dollars.
It is unde	rstoof that I am to be under no other obligation, neither.
Name	(Write Plainly)
Address	
	State
City Editor's guaranteed	Note.—The above statement in Lesije's is absoluter in every way to be as represented.

UNIVERSAL C



MICHELIN UNIVERSAL CORDS make friends—and keep them. The new Michelin wear-resisting tread, the improved non-skid tread design, the sturdy oversize body built of cords not merely coated but actually impregnated with rubber—these are a few reasons why this newest Michelin product gives such remarkable mileage. For real economy and motoring satisfaction—use Michelins,

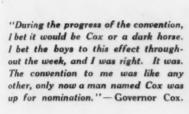
MICHELIN TIRE COMPANY, MILLTOWN, NEW JERSEY
Other factories: Clermont-Ferrand, France; London, England; Turin, Italy
Dealers in all parts of the world



OLDEST ILLUSTRATED NEWSPAPER IN THE UNITED



Aublished by the Leslie-Judge Co. 225 Fifth Avenue, New York 225 Fifth Avenue, New York Copyright 1920, by Leslei's





"The convention had all the thrill of an exciting game. I saw it in a dual capacity, that of spectator and of candidate. and whatever has been said about it. you may be sure it was all very uncertain up to the last day. "-Senator Harding.

My Emotions When Told of My Nomination

The Personal Narratives of the Two Leading Candidates for the Presidency, as Reported by Richard Barry for "Leslie's"

Senator Harding's Own Story

scon as the tenth ballot was over and the nomination confirmed. I made my way through the rear of the platform where I had been in the convention hall," said Senator Harding. convention hall," said Senator Harding.
"Nearly everyone wanted to speak to me and shake my hand, but my recollection of that is somewhat hazy. I remember that my first thought was to locate Mrs. Harding. Part of the time through the balloting she had been with me and part of the time she had been in a front seat in the lower gallery where she could command a view of all the delegates, and where she was keeping a detailed score card. We came together near the speakers' entrance and, without a word, we made our way to a place where we could be alone. That was the only way I could get a chance to think."

'How long were you alone with Mrs. Harding?''
'About forty-five minutes."

Then what did you do?" I came out and met everyone who presented him-

This expression the writer secured from the Republican Presidential nominee in an effort to satisfy the legitimate curiosity of a writer who wanted to know the immediate emotional and, if possible, the spiritual reactions of a man just selected as the titular chief of a great party, and within one step of the most important office on earth.

It was in the Harding headquarters at Marion, Ohio, that one day one of the shrewdest publicity experts in America had said to me, "All the time I have been dealing with the Senator my dominant thought, though unexpressed, has been: How does it feel to be in his shoes?

This is not a political article, but a character revelation of the two candidates who stand at the head of their respective parties in the national contest for the Presidency. We make no comment, leaving you to arrive at your own conclusions after reading the personal narratives of Senator Harding and Governor Cox. Nothing could be in sharper contrast than the actions of these two men who, at the moment, are the most conspic uous figures in the world) and the manner in which they individually received the news of the honor conferred upon them by the party conventions naming them for leadership. Next November one of these men will be elected to succeed Woodrow Wilson as President of the United States. If possible let us eliminate the political complexities with which each is involved and look upon them as two American men, stripped to the soul and engaged in a final duel for the most important place in our government. How did each feel, actually and in terms of simple human reac tions, as he toed the mark and heard the starter's gun? Here is the answer and here the self-analyses of the contestants.

Governor Cox's Personal Reactions

s a little after four o'clock in the morning, and I was at my desk at my office in the Dayton News when I got the flash over the wire from San Francisco. I jumped to my feet, struck one hand into the palm of the other and exclaimed, 'Boys, we've got it!' and shook hands with the members of my staff who were in the room," began the Governor of Ohio, James M. Cox, when I asked him just what he did and just how he felt when he knew for a certainty that he had ecured the Democratic nomination for President of the United State

Although I knew him less well and had less reason to impose on the open hospitality of a public man to a writer for the press, I felt less hesitancy in asking Governor Cox such questions than I felt in approaching Senator Harding with a like inquiry. Both men are similarly frank, and each according to his nature, invites and bestows confidence, but, as a writer estimating the two, I felt this difference: In Harding there are depths which defy analysis and which he would like to share with you. but cannot; while in Cox there is a going mental machine and a facile personality which he is happy and proud to assist your calipers in measuring to a hair's breadth.

Harding thinks and speaks in metaphor, Cox con-retely. One approaches Harding's mental operations as might a devout man a church, with becoming rever ence, with a sense that there is a symbol and a mystery within. One enters the Cox intellectual laboratory with the undeterred curiosity of an ambitious student, confident that application will disclose a desirable secret. which easily can be imparted to all and sundry.

Senator Harding's Story—Continued

After a while he will become accustomed to his place and won't know how it feels, but right now, and especially immediately after his nomination he did know the exact

"My thought has been the same," replied the writer, "and I have already made an effort to get the answer, but I trust you know that neither you nor I can imagine how he felt and be accurate in arriving at the truth. No two individuals would feel the same. The reactions would be as various as the thumbprints of human beings."
"I agree with you in that," said the expert on mob

psychology.

Weeks before, only a few days after the nomination, Senator Harding had told me in Washington that he was having great difficulty in realizing the significance of his new position, and especially so in meeting former friends and acquaintances, that he was being repeatedly brought face to face with the knowledge that persons approached

"I told the messenger to tell San Francisco to call me cout dinner time. Then I went in and won those golf about dinner time. The balls."-Governor Cox.

nim not as Warren Harding nor as the senior senator from Ohio, but as the Republican Presidential nominee, and that he had come to believe that everyone else in the world was more affected by the change than himself.

That evening in Marion, again alone with the Senator, I brought up the subject anew and with more definite inquiry, by referring to the reports published the day after the nomination, that he had compared the Chicago convention to a poker game. This brought forth the only flash of indignation I have ever seen him display, for he is one of the mildest mannered of men.

"It was wrong of the newspaper boys to report me in

them and not for publication."

"However," I insisted, "it has been published in practically every newspaper in the United States. Won't you tell me exactly what you said and exactly what you meant by it?"

"What Lit!"

"What I did say was this," he replied, "that my going into the convention for the nomination was like a man going into a jack pot with a pair of eights, and then drawing a full house aces high. But some of the reports that came out showed me up as a poker player. You know that in a newspaper interview no man is ever bigger than his interviewer. This is an old axiom of the craft. That chance remark was twisted in many places to try to show that I looked on the nomination and even the Presidency itself as something to be won or lost, or even administered, in a poker game.

'Now, the fact is I haven't played poker in a long, long while, and I never was much of a poker player. Naturally, however, I use poker terms in daily conversation, like many Americans, just the same as I use other terms that come to me only from hearsay. For instance, I often say, 'Call the turn,' which is a term of faro, a game I have never played. But to twist that around as some of the

papers have done is most unjust."

The writer persisted, by asking, "Hadn't the convention the thrill of an exciting game to you personally?

"Certainly. I saw it in a dual capacity, that of spectator and of candidate, and, whatever has been said about it, you may be sure it was all very uncertain up to

"Did it ever cease having the excitation of a contest?"

"When?"

"During the last ballot I became quite calm."

"Are you not always calm? A man who worked with you for many years on the Marion Star told me that you were the only editor he ever knew who could look on a form of pied type at press time without swearing."

The Senator smiled at the description and replied: "Even if a man appears calm he may not actually be

"Were you actually calm when at last you knew for a certainty that you had the nomination?"
"Yes. I believe that is quite true."
"Then, in that repose, which we may call spiritual. what was your first thought?"

"I began to think of some of the responsibilities of the idency

He hesitated and I felt that my questions were becoming too personal, perhaps impertinent. One cannot enter that Marion home without realizing that it has an atmosphere of consecration to old-fashioned ideals, that it is ruled by a naïve fidelity to some inner voice or to some higher Power. I realized that I was on the threshold of this secret, and became diffident about forcing an en-trance. Then occurred the questions and answers with

which this article opens. Finally I ventured to inquire what he meant by "responsibilities of the Presidency."

"Have you not often noticed," responded Senator Harding, "that the mantle of responsibility often clothes a man with powers that even he did not know he possessed? I believe it is a kind of miracle that broadens his horizon and multiplies his mental grasp, almost auto-I have seen it happen in a common workman matically. suddenly taken out of a factory and placed at its head when, to the surprise of everybody, including himself, he acted not awkwardly, like one unused to large power, but like an executive born to high place. This seed of greatness lying dormant in all of us is the essence of our common democracy. I love to cherish it as our most precious national heritage."

This reply was truly Hardingesque, slipping as it did so easily into the impersonal, avoiding the temple of his own

spirit shyly, as might a girl the abode of her emotions.

I returned to the concrete experience of that memorable June day in Chicago. "Is that what you thought able June day in Chicago. "Is that what you thought about during that first forty-five minutes when you were alone?" I asked.

The nominee corrected me with that gracious smile which wins friend and foe alike.
"I began thinking of it then," he said.

Governor Cox's Story-Continued

"After the hand-shaking, what was your next move?" I

"Then," went on the Governor, eager as a boy recalling a high school tourney, "I ran down-stairs to my machine and drove myself to the home of John McMahon, my political grand-dad, to take him the news myself before anyone else could reach him. He is eighty-seven years old, but I got him out of his sleep to tell him about it."
"How long did you stay there?"

"Just a short time. Maybe ten minutes-surely not

half

'What did you talk about?"

"The coming campaign, of course. I never wait until tomorrow to plan; I do it today, or, if possible, yesterday."

Previously the writer had been told by one of the golf-

ing companions of the Governor that he had said to certain friends during resting spells on the links that, while he had slept soundly through all the earlier days of the San Francisco convention, when his fortunes did not seem very bright, the night before the nomination, and after he had received telephonic communication which had made him practically certain he would win, he had been unable to sleep. In other words, he had met uncertainty calmly, while certainty had upset his routine.

This was important, if true, and it seemed to me to be the clue that would lead to the revelation I desired. I asked the Governor to verify this. To my astonishment

he spiritedly denied it.

"Your informant is entirely mistaken," he replied.
"Whatever I may have said to him, it was not that. I
don't believe I ever lost an hour's sleep in my life. When I was a younger fellow I always got two days' work out of one by means of a cat-nap. I could lie down anywhere for half an hour or an hour, in my room, on an office desk, or on a hotel sofa and sleep for any definite length of time my mind might appoint in advance, and this was usually in the midst of great excitement. I can do the same thing today. In the Governor's office, in Columbus,

whenever I feel my brain flagging, I turn everyone out, lock the door, and sleep for thirty minutes or an hourenough to cut the connection. Then I wake as refreshed as if I had had a night's sleep. Nothing has ever gotten on my nerves or my mind enough to rob me of that ability.

How did you feel during the progress of the conven-

"I felt it would be Cox or a dark horse. I bet the boys to this effect through the week, and I was right. It was."

"Did you manage your own forces in the convention?" No I had nothing to do with it, not after the convention opened.

"Were you not consulted by your managers?"
"No. I was informed, not consulted. One afternoon, when it was about half over, I was on the golf links as a messenger came from the clubhouse saying San Francisco wanted me on the long distance. We were just about to tee-off in a matched contest for a set of golf balls. I wanted to win those balls, and I figured that if I talked to San Francisco I might learn something that



"My chance remark was twisted to try to show that looked on the nomination as a game to be won or lost."-Senator Harding.

would take my mind from the game. At the same time I knew there was neither advice nor information that I could impart that would be of any assistance. I told the messenger to tell San Francisco to call me at my home about dinner-time. Then I went in and won those

Then did you observe the proceedings of the conven-

"Then did you observe the proceedings of the convention from first to last solely objectively?"

"That exactly describes it. As a newspaper man, and as a public man, I have always been vitally interested in national conventions. This to me was like any other, only now a man named Cox was up for the nomination. I tried not to think of this personality until it was over.

"Was there a time when it ceased to be an objective and became a subjective situation?"

"Yes. The moment I got that flash at four in the morning, I knew that now I was to be on the job. The game was over, I had won and I had to take the con-

"What do you mean by the consequences?"
"To win the election. I felt it had been put up to me

"Then, until that moment you had felt only the thrill of adventure and the spirit of contest in which you were largely a spectator?"
"Voe."

"Was there ever a time when there came to you a vision of the enormous responsibility that would surely face you if elected? Did you not have at once a thought of the vastness and the complexity of the Presidency itself?

Lou

pho

ing

occi

"Certainly." When was that?"

"The moment I got that final flash."

"How long did it take you to realize the meaning of those responsibilities?"

As easily and as frankly as he had answered every other question the Governor replied, without the slightest hesitation or the least desire for mental qualification: "The thousandth part of a second."

eekly

t, lock

ten on ility." nven-

con-

noon, s as a Fran-

at if I that

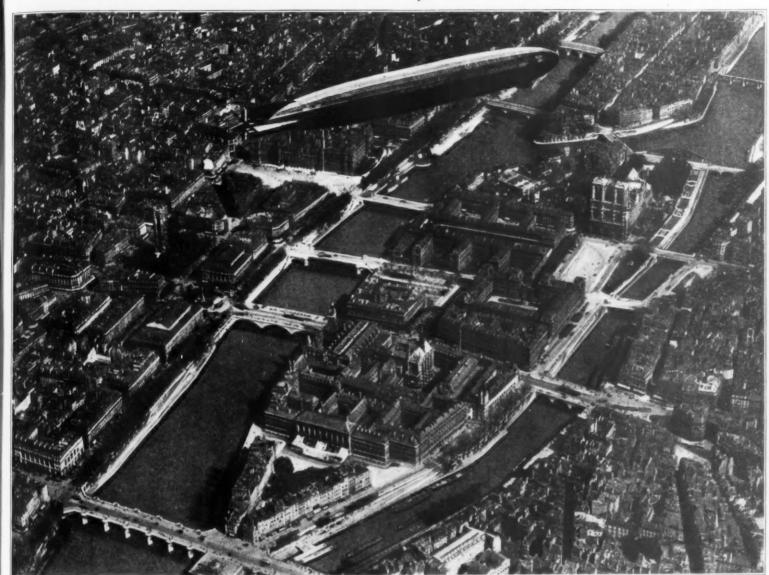
told

ion. er." tive

me

of

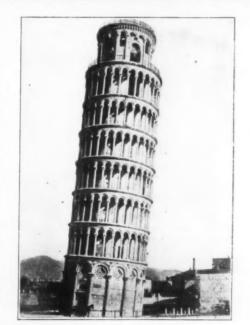
An Air Monster Shackled, Earth Monster Loosed



Paris Greets a Friendly Enemy

ELL might the Parisian cry, "Oh, Zep, where is thy sting!" Over the French capital recently flew this German-made giant, a bird of prey with its talons clipped by the Treaty of Versailles. Its "raid" was a strikingly picturesque reminder of "who won the war." Former Zeppelin L-72, the big dirigible was surrendered to the French at Maubeuge, and made its exhibition flight over Paris shortly afterward. Thousands of Parisians gathered to watch, but with the reverse of fear in their hearts. Among the views of Paris from the air, this is easily the finest yet taken. It shows the L'Ile de la Cité, the old Paris, the Lutetia of antiquity. At the island's upper end is Notre Dame, begun in 1163 on the site of a Pagan Temple of Jupiter. Originally at the western end (in the foreground) were three islets, but these were later incorporated into the main island by reclaimation. The bridge nearest the reader is Pont Neuf. In addition to the Cathedral of Notre Dame, L'Ile de la Cité contains another notable structure, the Sainte Chapelle, which adjoins the Palais de Justice on the boulevard crossing the island at its center. As long ago as the Middle Ages, Paris was divided into three distinct parts—La Cité, on the islands, the Ville, on the right bank of the Seine, and the Quartier Latin, on the left. The magnificent panorama here spread out is an evolution from a group of mud-huts of the Parisii, a Gallic tribe which Cæsar conquered.

Of civic buildings in Paris, next in importance to the Louvre is the Palais de Justice (law courts), the huge assemblage of buildings shown in the foreground of the photograph to the west of the Boulevard du Palais. During the Gallo-Roman war, this site on L'Ile de la Cité was occupied by a citadel which became the palace of the Merovingian kings and afterward of the Capetians. Three times the great structures have been ravaged by fire. The buildings of the Cité were especially marked for destruction by German aviators in their numerous flights over Paris during the war, but the total of damage was slight.





Earthquake Threatens Pisa's Tower

MONG the Italian cities to feel the recent recurring earthquake shocks was Pisa, celebrated for its campanile, or leaning tower. Though spared the tragic visitation which brought death to 500, and made homeless over 20,000, in the region between the Apennines and the River Po, Pisa was near enough to the earthquake belt in northern Italy to experience tremors that brought its inhabitants to the verge of panic. The architectural puzzle of the world, Pisa's leaning tower, defies prediction as to how much of a quake it would take to cause its downfall. It is gradually falling all the time, and yet it stands. In height 179 feet, with walls which at their base are thirteen feet in thickness, "Pisa's leaning miracle" deviates from the perpendicular to a striking extent, which was gradually increased; it was 15½ feet out of the perpendicular when measured in 1829, and 16½ feet when measured in 1910. There is no reason to suppose that the architects intended that the campanile should be built in an oblique position; it would appear to have assumed it while the work was still in progress. The foundations are not more than ten feet deep, and their circumference only that of the tower. The basement is surrounded by a range of semicircular arches supported by fifteen columns, and above rise six arcades with thirty columns each. On the eighth story are the bels.

supported by fifteen columns, and above rise six arcades with thirty columns each. On the eighth story are the bells. The earthquake at Pisa was preceded by deep rumblings and followed by vertical and horizontal earth tremors which lasted for thirteen seconds. The hands of the clock in the tower stopped but the bells in various steeples were set ringing by the disturbance, adding to the terror of the people who flocked to the public squares. Persons who happened to be in Cathedral Square reported that they saw the famous Leaning Tower perceptibly oscillate. St. Michael's Church and St. Matthew's Church were considerably damaged, but the earthquake's devastation in the vicinity of Pisa was nothing in comparison to the ruin which it spread over other parts of Italy, not far distant. The small view at left gives an idea of the havoc wrought.

First Photographs of the Bolshevist Army in Poland





With cigarette and riding-whip, he would pass any-where for a member of "the ruling class," if we had not Bolshevist assurance that Russia had long since abol-ished that superfluity. At all events, here he is, giving military orders.

Red Cross Nurses

There is no suggestion of luxury about a Bolshevist field ambulance, assuming this to be one. Nor is it apparent that white raiment is considered indispensable for an army nurse.

the page were taken by a German photographer, the only one permitted to accompany the Russian army in its invasion of Poland.

A New Type of Cossack

Serving with the Bolshevist forces were 50,000 of these Chinese-Tartar mercenaries. It was Napoleon who said, "Scratch a Russian and you'll



The Raw Material of Which Lenine Makes Armies

This photograph was snapped at the entrance to the Soviet Commissariat at Soldau, Poland. The soldiers were new, of recent levy. They are of a type wholly different from the cavalryman shown above. Under Czar or under Soviet, the characteristic Russian cap retains its place.

na



The excellent Siddick flushed and stammered, "Heart interest, sir." "Heart interest!" bellowed his employer. "Wha'd' mean, heart interest? What's heart interest got to do with fourteen-thousand-ton express steamships? Siddick, you're an ass!"

ACCORDING TO RULE

A Story of Big Shipping Interests, the Grit of One Man and the Love of a Woman

By JOHN FLEMING WILSON

Author of "The Land Claimers," "The Man Who Came Back," "The Master Key," Etc.

Illustrated by WILLIAM KEMP STARRETT

AMUEL GARFINKLE and Garret Hunt sat opposite to each other and kept silence, as though they awaited some voice which would solve the problem. None came and Garfinkle sighed. Hunt stirred in his chair and repeated his complaint:

I've got three of the best steamships on the Pacific and goodcrews and first-chop men ashore to handle the usiness—and Ben Buckingham gets the trade. What's ne answer? You know Ben, Garfinkle, and you know Buckingham runs his ships like the hard-fisted crank he is, haggles over pennies, splits the passengers mutton chops into three slivers, overcrowds the statefrooms, frowns on serving tea on deck, charges the limit and roars at the very word 'accommodation.' Yet he gets the trade. My ships are comfy, clean, plenty of com for everybody, tables set four times a day with the est I can buy and—they leave port with empty cabins

of half-filled holds. What's the answer, ch?"
Garfinkle ruminated.
Hunt went on: "It's true I make the run across the Pacific in one day more—but Ben Buckingham puts his passengers ashore hungry at four a. m. and I send 'em to their hotels at four p. m. after a nice tea taken while the boys are handling the luggage."

"Buckingham doesn't advertise much, either," Gar-

nkle remarked. And I have my notices in every paper in every port every day. Yet the business men-wool-buyers, silk buyers, tea merchants, hardwood men and officials travel on Ben's steamers. You know what that means: goods and the owner travel together on the same ship. For very empty cabin on the hurricane deck there's unprofitspace in the holds."

The other roused himself. "You understand, Mr. that you entered this trade only two years ago. The Buckinghams have been running ships across the

Pacific thirty years. Then-you made no bones of your intention of making Ben Buckingham come down off his high horse and walk. You've had a chip on your shoulder ever since you built the three 'Princesses.' Naturally, Ben isn't going to lie down and let you trot off

with his trade."

Hunt ruffled his iron-grey hair with strong hands. "No answer at all! Better ships, better service and de-cent treatment ought to get the market. But people actually put themselves out to undergo outrageous treatment at Buckingham's hands and refuse to travel with

e. What's the answer?"
"I've given it," Garfinkle responded. "The Buck

"But I've got to run my steamships at a profit!"
"Oh!" Garfinkle remarked without a flicker of amusement. "In that case I advise your getting a new general manager."

manager."

'Garret Hunt stared with unfeigned astonishment.

'You told me yourself Captain Henry Tait was the last word in running a line. He's competent, skillful, well-liked and up to snuff."

'Granted," Garfinkle returned. "I like Tait. He

and I were shipmates years ago and I've always credited him with being a good seaman and an honest man. He runs your ships as ships ought to be run. But he's old-fashioned."

Not half so old-fashioned as Buckingham is."

"Maybe not-in some ways," Garfinkle admitted. "But you've come to me with your troubles—and they're serious. How long can you last as things go now?"

"In eleven months I'll be bankrupt and my ships for

" Hunt said solemnly.

arfinkle nodded. "You'll have to seize on a desper-Garfinkle nodded. ate remedy. My experience is that when a desperate remedy is called for it's usually in the shape of a man. Get Jimmie Barton.

Mr. Hunt's countenance was suffused with crimson. "Jimmie Barton!" he ejaculated. "You're joking! Why—Barton was practically kicked out of Ben Buckingham's office two years ago! You know what Ben told

"I do," Garfinkle rejoined curtly. "Ben left nothing unsaid. But you recall he never said anything about Jimmie's being dishonest nor lacking nerve. What you need is honesty and nerve. You can't deny Barton is a bright young fellow. He knows ships. He was Ben's bright young fellow. He knows snps. He was ben's right-hand man when it came to nailing big business. And if Jimmie's father hadn't been so luckless as to leave Jimmie nothing at all, the boy would have been with Buckingham yet. But Jimmie had nothing but his prospects and Ben struck hard when Jimmie wanted something badly and smashed those prospects."

Mr. Hunt smiled wryly. "I understood Barton wanted to marry Eleanor Buckingham."
"So I heard," Garfinkle answered quietly. "And Ben kicked him out of the line and proclaimed that the boy was worthless. But you're going broke, you say, with three ships cating their heads off. So I advise, get Jimmie Barton

Garret Hunt had the reputation of being shrewd and no laggard when it came to making an important decision. He stared musingly at the austere face of the marine

agent, absent-mindedly lit a cigar and then rose.
"I always liked that fellow," he said. "But I'm honest enough with myself to remark that probably the reason I liked him was because Ben Buckingham hated him—and he wouldn't kowtow to Ben. I'm going to give him a chance to make me like him for himself. General manager goes, Garfinkle—and heaven help us all!"

"A word further," was the response. "Give the boy a free hand. And if Tait froths too much, send him to me. (Continued on page 131

They Cashed in on Ideas and a Knowledge of Men

An Ex-Newsboy with Millions and 8,000 Partners

IFE, George M. Cohan has told us in a doubtful lyric, is a funny proposition after all. It is difficult to realize, as Babe Ruth gracefully lifts the ball out of the lot by a mighty swat, that only a few years ago he faced the uncertain future of an orphan asylum foundling. And who could imagine the nervous, pale-faced Paderewski, his expression beatific under the spell of his own symphony, suddenly becoming the backbone of a

stricken country?

Thus, circuitously, do we approach the subject of this sketch, proving incidentally that nothing is impossible in this waggish world. Archie M. Andrews used to be a Chicago newsboy. It is true that "Who's Who!" is bulging with Horatio Alger heroes who blacked boots, sold newspapers, slept in dry-goods boxes—and eventually married the banker's daughter. But Andrews has out-Algered the luck-and-pluck heroes of the Mid-Victorian period. He has gone the whole tribe of Alger heroes one better He stands as a living example of the truth that no circumstances, no conditions are so hopeless that one cannot rise above them. does much to give the merry ululation to the bewhiskered agitators who perennially chant from the soap boxes that the poor young man in America cannot save himself from being ground under the heel of a ruthless system of one kind or another.

Archie M. Andrews sold newspapers up to the age of sixteen. Then the doctors thought he had conof sixteen. Then the doctors thought he had con-sumption and stopped him. So he hiked West and became a banjo teacher. He was determined from the start to make a noise. If he couldn't do it crying newspapers, he would do it in some other fashion. He wonders now why he didn't take up tutoring

aspiring bass drummers.

He lived outdoors. He was fond of nature. He loved the mountains, the woods, the sea. The word "discouragement" did not enter his lexicon. At twenty-one he was pronounced physically fit and returned to Chicago to take an office boy's job at \$5 a week. Andrews does not believe success is necessarily dependent upon a running start. At twenty-one, most young men have at least a grip on the first rung upward.

Andrews is now forty. Recently he was examined for life insurance and a pessimistic staff doctor told him with a suspicion of tears to get out of his office. He was breaking the doctor's heart. He was too darned healthy.

He is a multi-millionaire. But that to him is the least of all his accomplishments. Once Andrews has achieved a thing, he loses all interest in it and is off like a shot for another difficult nut to crack.

He have in the winter of his home.

He lives in the winter at his home near Pasadena and in summer he cruises Long Island waters on one of his yachts. Yes, he owns two-the Zahma and the Sachem.

While on his way East last winter he stopped off in Chicago and curiously was drawn to a building on a particularly cold night. He was reminded of the nights he spent selling newspapers in front of this building. The next day the real estate news told of the sale of the building to A. M. Andrews

Andrews did not go to the top in a sudden flight. Twice he was on the highroad to wealth when misfortune intervened. Once it left him with \$1.65 and a smile. Another time salved \$1,000 out of the wreck With this it might be imagined he went back into business. But he didn't; he took a three months' trip to Europe, landing back in Chicago with a five-dollar bill. There he took off his coat and went to

He is head of a banking business that extends to every large city in America. Every man who works for him a year becomes automatically interested as a partner in his busi-ness. There are now in various houses more than 8,000 clerk part-In ten years Andrews will be (Concluded on page 442)



Archie M. Andrews, who began his business career as a Chicago "newsie" and is now head of a banking business that extends to every large city in America. This is a snap-shot of Mr. Andrews aboard the larger of his two yachts, the "Zahma."

One Man Plus a Country Town Plus an Idea

> HE man-B. A. Aughinbaugh. The country town—Mingo, Champaign County, Ohio.

The idea-to enliven a country village that had no amusements, and incidentally to make some money for the school.

Aughinbaugh was the new superintendent of the school. This town was like any other dead little village. It had seen its best days. Its population was 183. The school, however, was a consolidated one; it took in a good part of the surrounding country, and, all told, it had just about 100 pupils, and a good brick building.

But the sad thing was the fact that the children had nothing much to do but go to school. Like other towns of its kind, this one had no amusements and there was always a tendency for the younger generation to go off to the cities. There was not a moving picture house in the village, of course.

But Aughinbaugh had his big idea—to

establish a moving picture show right in the schoolhouse. It didn't take long to put the idea into execution. And such a big idea did it prove that today there are eleven villages in this immediate vicinity that have formed a motion picture circuit of their own, renting the best films for a week or ten days at a stretch. And the idea has spread into other communities; today, the community mov-ing picture plan is a common feature of Ohio country and village schools.

A few weeks ago, with Mr. Aughinbaugh, I visited a number of these schools, which are members of the circuit. The first of these was Mingo. I expected to see a little moving picture outfit, and a few chairs Instead there were two moving picture machines, one power-driven, both enclosed in a fireproof booth, a

player piano with 200 rolls of music, the latest type of screen, a fine stage equipped with scenery, while billboards in front of the school announced the films released by the big companies to be shown at the schoolhouse the next week.

I walked into some of the other rooms of the building. "This is our library," said Mr. Aughinbaugh. I had seen school libraries before, usually barren rooms. But this was different. There was a long handsome bookcase with crowded shelves. this was different. There was a long handsome bookcase with crowded shelves. They were not cheap schoolbooks, either. There was a big table with an electric reading-lamp on it. There were fine pictures on the walls.

Turning to Mr. Aughinbaugh, I said, "You must have a more generous school board in this community than I ever knew, or else some one pays for this out of his own pocket! Perhaps you are the 'angel' with the long purse."

Mr. Aughinbaugh laughed. "The 'movies' do this," he answered.

"But let me show you our outfit."

I followed Mr. Aughinbaugh down.

I followed Mr. Aughinbaugh downstairs. In one of the rooms I found as fine a banquet room for a country as fine a banquet room for a country village as I had ever seen. Palms were scattered about the room. There were tables arranged in the form of an "E." There were real chairs, no benches. There was a handsome carpet on the floor. Candles and shades were on the tables. The walls, of brownish pressed brick, were adorned with trellises around which delicately shaded flowers of cloth were twined. It might have been a summer gar-It might have been a summer garden. The electric lights were cov-ered with Japanese lanterns. The country children eat their lunches

"This was all charged to the movie' account," explained Mr. Aughinbaugh. "Whenever we don't know where to get the money, we can always find it in the 'movie' still."

We walked into the domestic science room. The equipment included a gas generating plant—paid for with moving-picture profits. had seen the motion-picture equip-ment before and estimated that it could not have been purchased for less than \$1,000.

(Concluded on page 442)



B. A. Aughinbaugh, who originated community motion picture shows, in the library of the Mingo, Ohio, school, which was fur-nished and is maintained with money derived from the movies.

PICTORIAL DIGEST OF NEWS



ALL that was left of one automobile which happened to be parked in the vicinity of the huge bomb (or van loaded with dynamite) which exploded in the financial heart of this Nation—at the corner of Broad and Wall streets, New York—killing thirty people who chanced to be in the vicinity, and injuring more than three hundred others.

T fifty-seven seconds after noon on the sixteenth of September a terrific explosion, in every particular as mysterious as it was deadly, killed at least thirty persons, injured more than three hundred, and for a time struck terror into the hearts of thousands in the financial center of the Nation—at the corner of Broad and Wall streets, New York.

No former catastrophe, with the possible exception of the Black Tom explosion in 1916, has ever caused so much excitement in the metropolis. At this writing the authorities who are investigating the catastrophe are divided in their opinion as to the nature of the blast, some holding to the theory that it came when an automobile collided with a large van which contained TNT or dynamite and others believing that the tragedy was deliberately planned by radicals who hoped to cause the death of some of America's great financial geniuses and thus deal a severe blow to "Capitalism."

Over the whole financial district from William street to Broadway and from Pine street to Exchange Place a rain of scrap iron, slugs of various descriptions and sections of cast-

to Exchange Place a rain of scrap iron, slugs of various descriptions and sections of cast-iron sash weights rained for fully a minute after the crash—a fact which convinced many

that the tragic occurrence was no mere accident.

The bomb—if it was a bomb—went off directly in front of the U.S. Assay Office, which



EVERY ONE within one hundred feet of the terrific blast was instantly killed. The victims were, for the most part, the low-salaried workers of Wall street—not the great magnates. Several were literally blown to bits. Here a few of the dead are shown photographed after they were wrapped in blankets and laid on the sidewalk.

is across Wall street from the offices o. J. P. Morgan & Company. It caught the noon-time crowds, composed principally of clerks, messengers, stenographers and the lower-salaried employees who spend their week days on Wall street, as they were on their way to lunch. Instantly the famous street for an entire block was transformed into a shambles. According to some of the witnesses—some of whom later died in the hospital—it appeared as though a car standing in front of the Assay Office suddenly "burst into flame" and the crash came. This would strengthen the theory that a bomb had been left in a machine where it would probably do the most harm when its time mechanism finally permitted it to go off shortly after the noon hour when the crowds are always thickest in down-town New York.

The Assay Office, though left windowless, was not pitted by shrapnel higher than the

down-town New York.

The Assay Office, though left windowless, was not pitted by shrapnel higher than the second floor. The Sub-Treasury, next door, was scarcely touched, and the famous Washington Statue was unscathed, except for a small corner of its base which was chipped. The Morgan building, however, was badly battered, and its "bomb-proof" windows and screens were blown in by the force of the explosion.

In the Stock Exchange, whose members felt the force of the detonation, there was a near-panic and business was suspended for the day.



The Virtues of a Great and Glorious Fruit Immortalized

MONUMENTS of marble and bronze have often been erected in memory of cats, dogs, parrots, monkeys and other animals; but until the State Horticultural Association of Pennsylvania recently decided to honor the fruit which for 100 years has made York, Pa., famous, there was no record of an apple being so

immortalized. This snapshot shows some of those who gathered at the John C. Schmidt farm, near York, to participate in the dedication of a monument to the "York Imperial" Apple. It was taken while the orator of the day was paying his tribute to the fruit which was first propagated by Jonathan Jessop in 1820.

own

Cham village entally

It had on was a connd. all ls, and ct that

to do ement. ncy for picture lea-to in the out the did it

motion s for a spread movountry visited of the

chairs. es, one ooth, a uipped sed by ," said s. But shelves.

electric of his "The swered

down

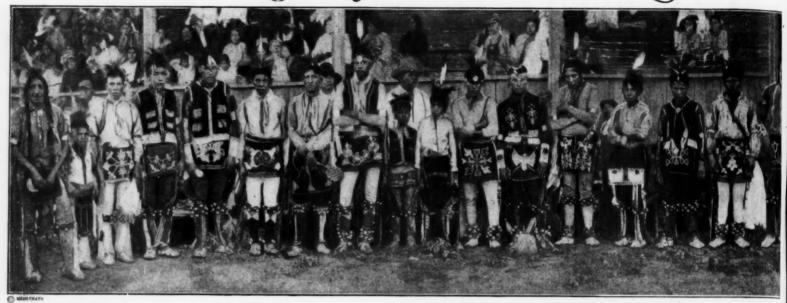
found country Palms room in the ere real floor. on the l with licately

unches Mr. movie

er gar-

mestic nt in -paid ts. equiped for

Pictorial Digest of the World's News



EVERYBODY'S dancing the "Wesleyan" and the "Toddle" these days—everybody, that is, except these gorgeously garbed chaps, who, although they

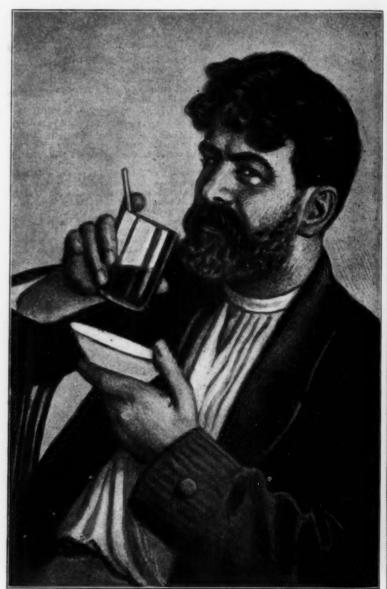
Dancers Who Gyrate in Figures That Were Old When

are among our cleverest terpsichorean experts, are still doing the old steps which their ancestors were delighting in when Columbus discovered America. They are



How Much Money Did They Raise?

WHEN the leading citizens of Eastbourne, England, recently decided to raise funds to aid the little French hospital at Bray-sur-Somme, they had a happy inspiration. As a result thousands of their fellow Eastbournites were presently helping them to raise a "mile of pennies," the end of which is here shown with the Mayor of the little city viewing it.



C CONDON TIMES

First Published Portrait of the Man Who Murdered the Czar of Russia

If the latest story concerning the murder of the Russian royal family is to be credited this man killed the Czar and Cazrevitch with his own hand. He is Yauldel Yurofsky, Commandant of the Imperial Prison House. It will doubtless be a long time before the veil of mystery surrounding the famous tragedy is completely rent; but that Yurofsky was strongly implicated seems certain.

Weekly

which hey are

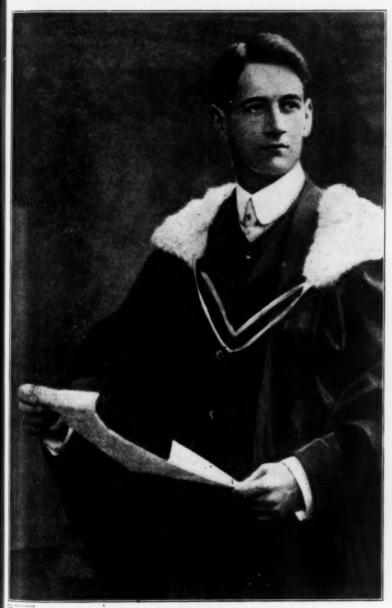
The Camera's Record of Notable Events



Cæsar Was a Boy Honor Veterans of the Great World War

 P_{awnee} Indian dancers who recently participated in the Second Annual Victory D_{ance} given near Pawnee, Oklahoma, in honor of the Indian soldiers who fought

in the great World War. The Otee, Osage and Ponca Indians were invited to join in the festivities and hundreds of Indians were camped in their wigwams near by.



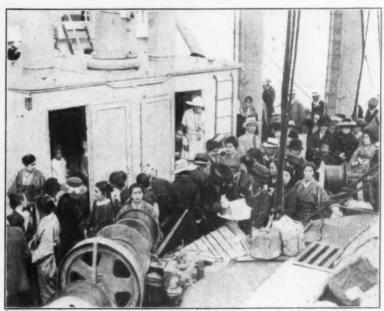
The Man Who Would Die for the Cause of Ireland

TERENCE MACSWINEY, Lord Mayor of Cork, who at this writing is in a state of collapse as the result of his hunger strike, begun as a protest against his arrest and imprisonment in Brixton Prison. Lloyd George, to whom frantic appeals to save the Mayor have been made again and again, remains adamant in his decision not to intervene to save the Irishman's life.



MacSwiney's American Friends Take a Walk

THERE can be no doubt as to the opinion of these New York paraders concerning the MacSwiney case. About the time that they took their wal't through the streets Mayor Hylan, of New York, cabled Lloyd George asking him to accede to the starving Irishman's demands.



More "Picture Brides" for California

THE camera man had considerable difficulty in snapping this picture owing to the fact that the women are "picture brides" just reaching San Francisco. Their reluctance to be photographed is quite natural, for Japan some time ago promised the United States to prevent such emigration.

EDITORIAL

JOHN A. SLEICHER EDITOR-IN-CHIEF

CHARLES AUBRET EATON



PERRITON MAXWELL EDITORIAL DIRECTOR

JAMES N. YOUNG

MANAGING EDITOR

FOR AMERICAN PROGRESS, AMERICAN IDEALS, AMERICAN SUPREMACY

Immigration—Good and Bad

HE most vital question before our country at the present time is Immigration as it affects the quality of our Citizenship. As an economic fact and force it is receiving considerable attention. Those who will profit by an increased labor supply read the startling figures from Ellis Island and other Ports of Entry with delight. Those who want to keep the labor supply below the labor demand in the interests of high wages and certain employment are not pleased to learn that in the week ending September 11th, 26,710 immigrants arrived at the Port of New York.

The aspect of this inpouring flood which causes newspaper comment, is the congestion at Ellis Island and the consequent threatened delay in getting ships away.

An officer of the Department of Labor is credited with the naïve announcement that as soon as he gets the eight million aliens now domiciled here, naturalized, we shall be 100 per cent. American. This clearly entitles the gentleman to the 1920 championship as an all-round optimist.

N its Editorial policy Leslie's has only one point of view. We measure every public force and fact by its effect upon the Nation. Whatever is good for the country, as a whole, we are for. ever, in our judgment, is bad for the Nation, we are against.

We are convinced that a great, unregulated flood of European Immigration at this time is not in the best interests of our Nation as a whole

Let us admit at once that America is the land of hope for the oppressed of all Nations. This is certified by thousands of campaign orators every day, although hardly one in a hundred of them seem to have the slightest idea of what the phrase means

Many races have come here during the last century in increasing numbers. Each of these has made a notable contribution to the moral and economic possessions of the Nation. We gladly give full and ungrudging credit in every case where credit is

But conditions have been changed by the War both in Europe and here. these changed conditions which give to our immigration policy its vital importance.

When we had free or cheap land every immigrant of good character became at once a national asset. But today one tamily on the farm must feed two or two and a half families in the City. And unless the in-coming immigrant is met by a wise and statesmanlike method of distribution, education and leadership, he may become a liability rather than an asset. In other words he may accentuate the present serious rupture between Agriculture and Industry

which, instead of lessening our troubles, would as ignorant as infants of what is going on in the aggravate them.

E have no statesmanlike policy or method or machinery for properly caring for any large immigration; either by way of economic distribution or education in American Citizenship. There are a good many excellent attempts being made by local governments to meet the situation, and a still larger number of sentimental folks are, like Hermoine, taking up Americanization in a serious way; but the good and bad combined constitute only a drop in the bucket.

The biggest job before the American people today is to keep America American. The nub of the whole proposition is our Immigration policy, or the lack of it.

The point we seem to miss is that the Europe of ten years ago has disappeared. The whole continent of Europe, not to mention Asia, is, at this moment, ablaze with the most stupendous moral, intellectual and social revolution the world has ever known. The minds of the masses of men, in every nation, are seething with social theories which have as their avowed purpose the complete overthrow of the present social order.

We are a polyglot people. There are already here many millions of unassimilated aliens are, also, many backboneless Americans who are

CUPPOSE these various elements are related, by a vast, unregulated immigration, to the revolutionary ideas and ideals which are driving Europe towards the abyss. Is anyone so blind that he will not see the danger?

One of the simplest and most practical suggestions is to admit immigrants of different races in proportion to the number of their own race already here, who have become citizens. And at the same time establish a truly national system of education for aliens which will help them to become Americans in spirit and thought as well as citizens in form.

The true test of Immigration is its effect upon the quality of our citizenship.

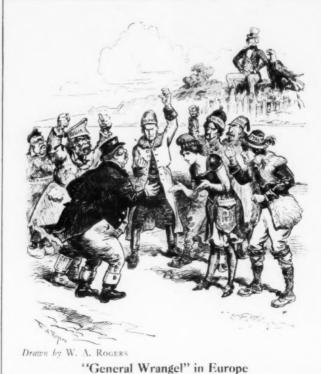
The Maine Weathervane

T hasn't always followed that "as Maine goes so goes the nation," but the magnitude of the Republican sweep in the State election is something the opposition cannot easily put aside. The York World, one of the strongest Democratic organs in the country, frankly calls it a "bad beating." The light which the election returns throw upon the woman vote is not one of its least interesting features. In forecasting the way the women of the country would

exercise their newly granted franchise, woman has lived up to her tradition as the "eternal question." How many will exercise their right? Maine answers fifty per cent. Have women party loyalty? Will they vote as their husbands, fathers and brothers have done, or will they introduce a new element of independent voting into the electorate? The Maine answer of a Republican increase of fifty per cent., corresponding with a total increase in the State vote of fifty per cent., seems to indicate that women have the same sense of party loyalty that men have.

Old Crowns for New Overalls

EWS that eighty members of the Hapsburg family have had to go to work for a living reminds us once more that there are some good by-products even to war. Carlyle's prediction is coming to pass that a day would come when the man who doesn't work will find this planet is not a healthy place upon which to live. Archdukes and archduchesses will not enjoy at first the experience of blistered hands and sore muscles, but when their hands have acquired a few healthy callouses and their shoulder and back sinews have hardened a bit, we predict they will begin to know something of the joy of real living. They will possess better appetites, better digestion and be of some use in the world.



in the

ed, by evoluriving I that ions is ortion t, who time on for ans in

oes so
the
someThe
Demoit a
ection
one of
g the
would

on as will fifty ralty?

introoting

er of cent.,

n the

indi-

se of

s the

go to once ducts

ming

the lanet

live. enjoy ands

ands

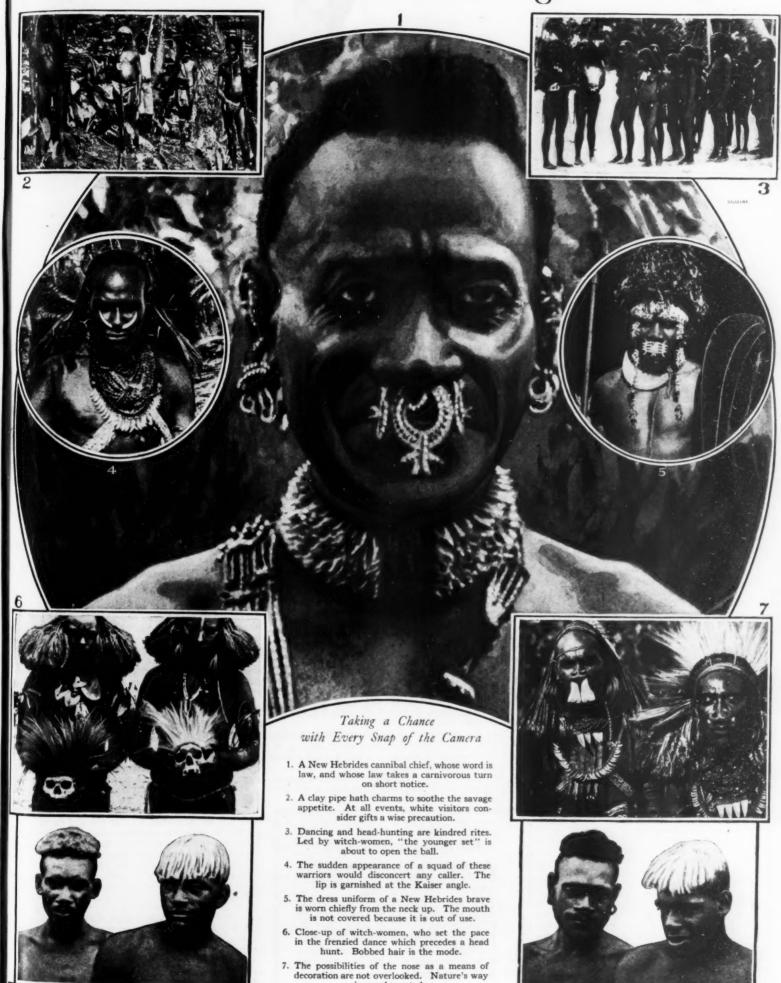
hard-

in to

ving.

er did.

These Cannibals Are Still Hunting Human Flesh



is supplemented.

Hair-dressing in the New Hebrides somewhat suggests two stages of a shampoo.

Without his make-up, the cannibal inspires no terror. But handsome is as handsome does.

427



Doctor Eaton's Page

A Half-Baked Philosopher

HE letter below is one of the number which have reached the editorial department of Leslie's in response to a suggestion that our readers give us their views on Bolshevism. Since it is addressed to me personally, I am giving it space on this page.

Although anonymous, it is a genuine and square kind of an epistle and deserves careful consideration. It helps to show just what, how and why the other fellow is thinking—which is always the first step toward mutual understanding.

I wish the writer would send me his name or, better still, come to see me. I swear solemnly that I will not betray him to the wicked capitalists, nor in any degree interfere with his life, liberty or pursuit of happiness. In fact, my motives are purely selfish, for I like his style and am sure that I could learn a good deal from him. He says: "I am a cotton mill worker, but I have been in most of

"I am a cotton mill worker, but I have been in most of the countries of the world, and it may surprise you to hear that I looked for the conditions and the effect of climate, and hours of work and wages, on the physcial result of the general mass of workers. This is the best Nation on earth for a semi-skilled worker, or any worker for that matter. But the feeling between capital, management [note that word] and the workers is for the most part bitter.

"We, the workers, know that only the great natural resources of this great and wonderful country is the reason for any decent wages we get out of our industries. We know that melons are cut; we know we are laid off in slack seasons; we know that if our leaders go to war we have to fight; we know the rich people take advantage of war conditions to soak us to the last cent of our hard-earned wages; we know they hate the trade unions; and we know that most of them will do their best to make war possible in the future, as a means of getting more money and keeping the workers out of their share of control of their lives and their mode of living.

money and keeping the workers out of their share of control of their lives and their mode of living.

"Do you think that the boys who went in the trenches don't know what caused the War. Was it old Bill Hohenzollern? The papers say it was, but the boys aren't the dubs the papers think they are. This is the reason for the War: The Bosses in England and the Bosses in France and all the other so-called civilized countries saw that the workers were on to their game and that the labor representatives were getting in parliament in London, and that in Germany the Reichstag was getting its workingmen's members and labor was coming into its own. So the bunch said in their own way something like this: 'Ha! Ha! Our workers are getting too fresh, let's set them onto fighting each other.' It worked all right with lying propaganda in all the capitalistic papers. And let me tell you why I and the most of the other guys jumped in. It was because we preferred our own leaders to the great William and his bunch. The everyday German did not want to fight. We knew that years before the War, as their delegates met the workers' delegates from old England and promised to refuse to fight their brother workers in case of a war between England and Germany. But they are conscripted and forced to fight. And the men who were known as un-

willing to kill fellow workers of another country were scattered among the less scrupulous regiments.

"Then take the dirty work done in Belgium. Who was in charge of these troops? Educated officers; well they were to blame. I know what would happen in any army if its officers did not use discipline and it was not the workers who were to blame, but the supposed gentlemen who educated them and who ought to have known the difference.

known the difference.

"And poor Belgium did not suffer as much as France, according to an article in Leslie's this month. I met a colored man in the trenches who said the Belgians deserved all they got for what they had done to his people in the Congo Free State. He said that they had whipped them, cut off their hands for not bringing in enough rubber. That was true, as I saw real photos shown by a missionary in England years ago, when boys and young girls were mutilated for minor offences, and pious England refused to stop it.

"The ideals of our youth are quickly shattered. We, the toilers, lose faith in our supposed great men when we know they will deal in flesh and blood for money and power.

"And the churches and the press are controlled by these men. Race suicide is rampant in all lands. Why should our women suffer and our men toil to bring up a family and then have them drafted for cannon fodder?

"You want to know how to stop Bolshevik ideas in this country. Well, it can be done in this country maybe, but not in the old countries, as it has got a firmer hold there. The English worker refuses to fight or make munitions against the Reds. The Canadians won't fight to return the imperial bunch to power and our own people demanded our boys pulled back from Siberia. We all remember the chain and whip gangs of the Great White Czar and think that the Red maybe is not much worse anyhow.

"Now the remedy. Let capital and management come right out in the open like human beings and say to the workers something like this: 'Now, Boys, this is a hell of a good country.

"It's our country. We will give you a good square day's pay and steady work even if we have to get less than a million in profits. What about it, boys? No lay offs and no strikes or class hatred. Fifty-fifty, lads, in all profits and to hell with outsiders. Then the Boys won't need a draft law, if we get into a scrap, and any agitator will get canned before he has got his second wind. I fought in two of the world's greatest Wars, suffered as much as man can suffer and live. I fought for my country, and my sons will do the same, but before they kill any man for a nation, that nation has to give them a square deal. I would like to put my name to this but we have just come out of a 15 weeks strike and discrimination is rampant in New Bedford. Trade is artificially bad. Curtailment is the order and the world short of cotton goods. One more reason that the Bolshevik is booming around this beautiful country of ours.

"Yours sincerely,

"ONE OF THE MEN WHO WENT!

UR friend hits the nail on the head when he say that "this is the best country on earth for a semi skilled worker or any worker, for that matter. There he is thinking and talking like a sane everyday American. I am sure that in those words we get glimpse of the man as he really is.

The writer makes a second bull's-eye when he says that the feeling between capital or management and labor is bitter. He also is right when he gives as his conviction that Bolshevism won't succeed here as it has in Europe because conditions here are so much better.

because conditions here are so much better.

After these wholesome observations the gentleman lifts the veil from his mind and lets us see the kind of rotten stuff, imported from Europe for the most part, with which he has been poisoning himself.

It is a thousand pities to pollute so clean and straightthinking a mind with such frenzied filth, ezuded from the social sores of Europe and hawked about here by writers and speakers who make their living by assassinating their country.

It is distressing to see such a clear-minded man ac knowledge the absurd belief that the great war was a money-making scheme put across by the capitalists.

money-making scheme put across by the capitalists.

There were harpies in human form who sucked financial nourishment out of the wounds of the world. The buzzards are always on hand when death is at work. But—the rank and file of business men in this and every other country are in worse condition today than they were before the war. And millions of them lost their sons.

The one thing that capital wants most is peace.

The one thing that capital wants most is peace.

The suggestion for a fifty-fifty arrangement between employer and employee is good sportsmanship. It ought to be easy of accomplishment, although I would not use this alliance for the knocking out of other countries.

The fact is as proven by statistics furnished by government reports that labor's share of the proceeds of industry today in America is very much greater than the share allotted to capital or management. Fifty-fifty might not be as satisfactory as it seems.

There is no doubt however that we shall never settle our industrial problem until both sides come together upon a basis of cooperation and confidence. Labor and capital are in the same boat, and if either one scuttles the boat, both will drown.

What Is an American?

AMERICA is a beautiful soul. An American is a man whose soul loves the soul of America.

No matter where he may have been born, what language he speaks, what his education or lack of education; if his spirit sincerely yields its love and loyalty to that divine spiritual principle of freedom and justice which is the soul of America, he is an American. No laylads, in e Boys ind any d wind. for my re the this but iscrimi ificially

hort o nevik i

ENT. he say a semi eryday get

ys that labor is viction Europe an lifts rotten

raight om the

writers g their

an ac-

was a

an the

gether or and

cuttles

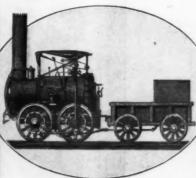
ts. ancial ızzards t-the other ons. etween It ip. It ries.

(inety-One Years of American Railway Progress



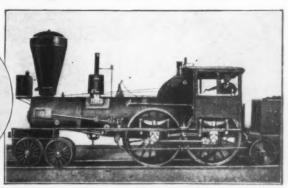
Rival of the Stage Coach and Canal Boat

The doughty De Witt Clinton, now on exhibition at the Grand Central terminal, New York, first scattered sparks in 1831, between Albany and Schenectady. The pioneer railway for passengers was opened a year earlier, at Charleston, So. Carolina.



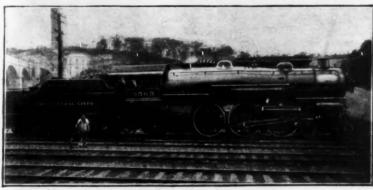
A Naturalized American

First locomotive to turn a wheel on an American railroad was the "Stourbridge Lion," English built, and operated by the Delaware and Hudson Canal Co. in 1829.



The Locomotive Begins to Find Itself

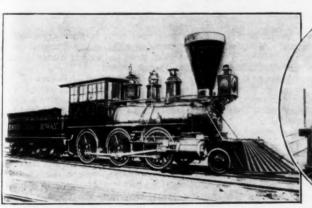
Modern locomotive lines are plainly present in the "Tioga" built for the Erie in 1849 by the Rogers Works. Erie engines in those days were named for the counties through which the road passed. A shelter for the engineer came grudgingly at first.



One of the New York Central locomotives which draws the Twentieth Century Limited between New York and Chicago. It would almost be possible to put the De Witt Clinton, coaches and all, into its fire-box. Compare the man with the machine. Some of the old locomotives had driving wheels of vast diameter, but their boilers were low.



A contrast with the monster at the left, which is especially impressive. This is the "John Bull," built by Stephenson, and later fitted with headlight, cowcatcher and bell. It was the first locomotive to be thus equipped. The bell and cowcatcher thus early distinguished the American iron-horse from the English, a distinction still in force.



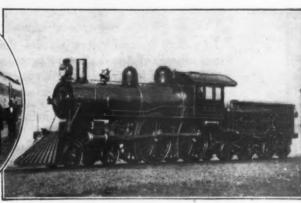
An Engine of the "Gingerbread" Period

This locomotive, among the first to be equipped with three pair of drivers, thus increasing adhesion to the rails and hauling power, went into service in 1864. Ther were as many decorative frills on the engines of those early days as there are on mid-Victorian furniture.

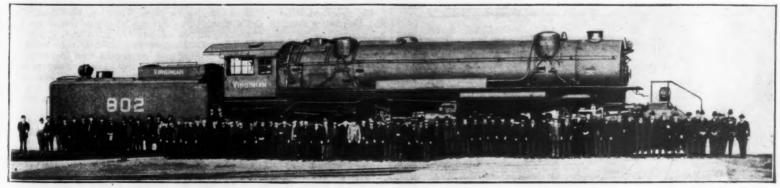


In the Middle Ages

A type common in the 'seven-ties. The smokestack reduced its girth, but not its height.



Unquestionably, the best advertised locomotive the world ever saw, 999. of the New York Central: the 1893 style of fast passenger engine, which drew the Empire State Express. It is a type that has gone completely out in fast company, but even now, its rakish lines suggest speed.



The locomotive which is the result of industrial America's need of super-power in handling freight. Literally, it is several locomotives in one, its cylinders and drivers being almost too numerous to count. Mountain grades have no terrors for it; it was

built to conquer them. It is capable of hauling several miles of fifty ton freight cars. It is well over a hundred feet in length. Give an upward glance at the De Witt Clinton, and then come back to this. Let the locomotive tell you its own wonder-story.

"The Most-Quoted Weekly Journal in America"

HE calm, enduring qualities of leadership of THE OUTLOOK have won for it a singular place in the English-speaking world. It is found almost universally on the library tables of homes that select their reading critically. It is probably the most widely quoted weekly journal in America.

Outlook

Lyman Abbott, dean of American editors, presides over its editorial board.

The Outlook's weekly summary of world events, condensed and interpretative, has become famous.

Its gallery of contributors includes the names of some of America's and England's leading men of letters and men of affairs.

The scope of The Outlook is international. It includes politics, industry, education, philosophy, and the fine arts. "The Book Table" each week contains notable contributions to literary criticism.

Unless you already read The Outlook every week, start now. Sign and mail this coupon, and your name will at once be placed on the subscription lists for 21 weeks. Send no money now.

THE OUTLOOK COMPANY

381 Fourth Avenue, New York

Please enter my name as a special subscriber for 21 weeks. I will remit \$2 upon receipt of bill.

Name	*****		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
------	-------	--	---	--

Address....

All Set for the Big Classic



It won't take long for the average fan to recognize these huskies; but, for those not quite so expert, it may be well to say that they are: (top, left) "Babe" Ruth; (top, right) "Ty" Cobb; (bottom, left) Tris Speaker; (bottom, right) "All 'Round" Sisler; and in the center—but what's the use saying who he is?—everybody knows "Matty"!

The "Breaks" Probably Will Decide the Coming World's Series

By EDWIN A. GOEWEY

capture the 1920 world's series? I don't know and neither do you, but the great classic is almost at hand, and a few pertinent deductions regarding this important event are not amiss at this time. for today most Americans, the world o'er,

are debating these questions.

The "dope" on past performances, oft-times extremely valuable in forecasting things in sportdom, is most uncertain when applied to a short series like the analysis of the state of th nual world's baseball championship contest. Those fans who make their prognos-tications based upon the "dope" alone are no better off than the rooters who simply make a guess, influenced by desire, and let it go at that. Each side stands a fifty-fifty chance when the final figures are written into the records, for the "breaks" of the game have decided more world's champion-

ships than any other single factor.

And right here it can be stated flatly that the coming baseball classic should eclipse completely all predecessors, both in general interest and attendance figures. This has been an exceptionally splendid year in sport, but standing head and shoulders above all rivals, the national pastime has far more than held its own. In the years gone by the America's cup races crowded almost all else from the sport pages of the daily press, but not so this year. The Olympic games also were unable to win the fans from their interest in what was taking place on the green diamonds.

No doubt the reason for this condition was that at no time, in either the National or the American League, was there anything even faintly resembling a runaway race, and as the teams swung into the stretch for the final burst of speed, there

THO will be the next baseball were several clubs in each organization champions? Which team will representing cities widely scattered, each of which stood an excellent chance of pull ing through in front.

Invariably baseball followers differ when discussing the principal factor in the winning of a world's series. One will declare that in a short series the pitchers are the ones upon whose labors depend suc-cess or failure; another will insist that everything is up to the managers, the victor being he who manifests superior cunning in selecting his twirlers and mapping out his campaign, while a third will fix upon the hitters, those good in a pinch asserting that men like Speaker, Sisler, Jackson, Hornsby and Roush, or possibly a slugger like Ruth, are more likely to bring home the bacon. You may take your choice of these or cling to a personal hobby

But, in your calculations, don't overlook one thing—the thing, in fact—the "breaks" in the game. There have been times when an unexpected bit of good fortune has put pep and new life into a team apparently outclassed and enabled it to suddenly begin to outplay its rival in practically beyin to pieces mentally and physically when circumstances upset their "dope," and indicated, apparently, that they had undertated their openents rated their opponents.

Think back, for instance, to 1914 when the despised Boston Braves tore through the National League from cellar to attic. and closed the season with the parent organization pennant in their grasp. That year they were pitted against the Philadelphia Athletics, a team of genuine class before whose prowess even the National fans believed the Braves stood not even the ghost of a chance of success. But what

(Concluded on page 432)

ing

tion oull

iffer

the

de-

are that viccun-ping

inch

ibly

to

onal

ks"

put

ntly

ally

one

in der hen ugh

rent hat dellass onal ven hat



"We have noted that our drivers work better on pneumatics - take more pride in their trucks, take better care of them, handle them better, work with better spirit. The quickness and safety enable us to use a better dispatching system. Our Goodyear Cord Tires are living up to their reputation for toughness."-H. A. Butterfield, Vice-President, Savannah Supply Company, Savannah, Georgia

RANSPORTATION executives frequently report, as above, certain important advantages that accrue when their truck operators are assigned to units shod with Goodyear Cord Tires.

Since the smooth-going pneumatics both lighten his work and contribute to his comfort, it is natural for a driver to work with decided vigor and spirit on them.

His strength is conserved by their cushioning, his confidence is increased by their traction and his ambition is stimulated by their active and precise performance.

On the helpful Goodyear Cord Tires, he finds opportunities to improve his routing and make more deliveries; to develop greater truck earning power and reduce operating costs.

And in the stamina of their Goodyear Cord construction, reflecting the manufacturing care that protects our good name, is found the intensely reliable basis of all these advantages.

Users' descriptions of how pneumatics have saved drivers, loads, trucks and roads can be obtained by writing to The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company at Akron, Ohio, or Los Angeles, California.

RD TIRE

THE BILTMORE New York's Pocial Center

Home Study BUSINESS COURSES

Your Training Be of University Grade

The biggest opportunities of today are in the field of business. Specialize-quality in spare time for a position of importance. Mark an X before the course below in which interested. Write your name and address at the bottom and mail today. We will send full information and facts regarding salary increases and incomes of LaSalle trained men. Lowcost—scholarships can be paid for on easy monthly terms of payment for those who wish such an arrangement. Money refunded if not estisfied upon completion of course. More than 225,000 men have benefited by LaSalle Training.

Righer Accounting O Banking and Finant and the state of the state

benefited by LaSale Training.

Display and Finance Business Letter
Business Management
Traffic Management
Traffic Management
Foreign and Domestic
DLaw-Degree of LLB.
Commercial Law
An intensely interesting book "Ten Years' Promotion for Will be sent upon request.

LASALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY The Largest Business
Institution in the W
Dept. 1051-R
C Chicago, III.

resident Suspenders for comfort Every pair guaranteed MADE AT SHIRLEY MASSACHUSETTS



All Set for the Big Classic

(Concluded from page 430)

happened? 'Tis an ancient tale, but per-

chance you have forgotten it.

In the very first inning of the initial game, Eddie Murphy was on second base and Collins on first, with one out. Frank Baker lifted a foul fly to Schmidt, which the Braves' first sacker caught, but in an awkward position that made a throw ex-tremely difficult. The Philadelphia play-ers, who had been laughing at the "Boston upstarts," decided it was a good time to put the "dubs" in their place. So Murphy darted for third the instant Schmidt caught the ball, and then came a "break," and the one which probably beat the Athletics out of the series. Instead of the Boston first baseman throwing the ball wild, as the Athletics had figured, or instead of Deal, the substitute third sacker, permitting the ball to get by him or standing in a position where it would be difficult for him to tag Murphy, the play was completed perfectly, a double killing was made and the Mackmen lost a fine opportunity to score the runs which might have changed the ulti-mate result. Possibly Schmidt and Deal could not again, in similar circumstances, repeat the snapshot play, but they did it that time, and it made the Braves so cocksure of their superiority that they beat the famous Athletics four straight games for

the championship.

That was one of those early breaks where the supposed weaker team landed first, and took most of the fight out of a favored opponent. Remember how Willard was backed over Dempsey. Also recollect what the latter did in the first round and

the termination of the match.

The "dopester" never considers rain in his world's series calculations, though it frequently figures, for the weather man will not consult the managers concerning their likes and dislikes. Suppose that one of the contestants in the annual classic has several pretty good pitchers while their opponents have one or two genuine star tossers, with the remaining twirlers but ordinary performers. And also suppose that it rains frequently during the series, giving the star heavers plenty of time to rest up and pitch more frequently than if the contests were run off in a row. Do you see now how rain would boost the chances of

one club about fifty per cent?

There are, as the fans know, all manner of "breaks." Some are the outcome of smart playing and quick thinking, while others can not be forecast, come out of a clear sky and may make or break the for-tunes of a club. However, whatever their cause, they usually play a significant part in a short series, where less than half a

dozen games won means victory, glory and wealth.

There are few pebbles to be found on a first-class playing field, but still they are there occasionally, and one may cause a ball to bound beyond an infielder's reach at a critical point, or a speeding player may step on one and be thrown off his balance just enough to spoil his catch. On a wet field any player may stumble and injure himself, and all kinds of things may happen if the ball becomes wet while part of a game is being played in a drizzle. All of these things constitute a "break," but little noted if they occur in the course of a 154-game season, but tremendously important in a world's series of nine games or less. In calculating the chances of two world's series contenders we figure on the men being physically fit at all times throughout the contests. But suppose some are injured? Such "breaks" can not be guarded against or repaired. Say, for instance, a slugger like Ruth was injured in the first game of a series. The actual loss of batting power would be tremendous, but the psychological effect on the champion's teammates probably would be fatal to their chances of winning.

Let us turn back, momentarily, to 1905, when the Giants and the Athletics played the first world's series under the control of the National Commission. *The sensational pitching of Mathewson, then in his prime, made it impossible for the Phillies to win a game from him, and they went down to defeat with but one victory to their credit. Why was this? Simply because there was no twirler in the American League with a delivery like Matty's. The Athletic batsmen, in the initial encounter, realized that they were facing a puzzle which they could not solve, and when they found that they could not hit, lost their nerve and there-

after never had a chance.
In 1910 the Athletics and Cubs came together for the big series. The pitchers of the latter club had been standing the National League batsmen on their heads, and it was figured that the Philadelphia team didn't have even a look-in. But Evers broke his leg and was out of the series. It was a "break" in more ways than one, for with the peppery little infielder out of the line-up the Cubs lost their nerve and were beaten in four games

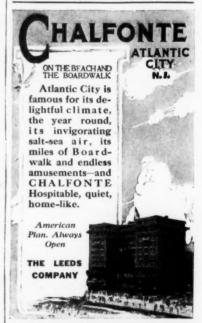
As others have said, "baseball is uncertain, quite," but never so much so as in a world's series. There is satisfaction in say-ing "I told you so," after a series ends, but give the "breaks" a share of your attention before committing yourself to a forecast.

Genuine Aspirin

> Name "Bayer" means genuine Say "Bayer" - Insist!



Say "Bayer" when buying Aspirin. Then you are sure of getting true "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin"—genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark of Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. ture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.





out of five.

Facing the bedlam raised by such an audience, only the players with nerves of iron, keen eyes, clear heads and muscles of steel can do their best.





MORE COMPANY, Dept. 340, St. Louis, Mo

eekly

iine

pirin. Bayer pirin d by

Ac

algia, y tin Drug-ges." ufac-

acid.



as if a Lord Mayor of Cork should play a leading part in something of lighter character than a tragedy of self-starvation.

The Maine election of September 13th had no little significance, but the decisive main election is scheduled for November It is of State

"All signs fail in a dry time," runs the farmer's ancient saying. But in the present dry time there are still abundant signs

Not counting the hundreds of Reds who were deported, 290 insane aliens were sent back to their former homes from the port of New York last year.

The woman suffragists were politically all at sea until they grasped Tennessee by the nape of the neck and persuaded it to ratify the 19th amendment.

In accord with the eternal fitness of things, the first female jury ever summoned in Indiana was called on to decide a case involving a talking machine.

However it may pander to one's pride to be made chairman of something, we note no wild eagerness on the part of anyone to take the chair at recent electrocutions.

Bumpers now being legally out of fash-ion (except on railroad cars), we couldn't hope to have bumper crops this year. But those we have loom up next to the real

Governor Cox may or may not have much money to spend, but his opponents aver that his campaign fund of miscon-struction, inuendo and rough talk seems to be unlimited.

A Brooklyn woman, who once liked the idea of being madly loved, lately had her husband arrested as a lunatic merely because he had got into the habit of kissing her 300 times a day.

That once exuberant revolutionist Villa has agreed, for considerations, to submit to the new government of Mexico. He may hereafter farm a piece of land, for he now loves a land of peace.

In view of the rather considerable number of firms and corporations that are going out of commission nowadays perforce, the business world does not believe that "there is no such word as fail."

Many cities in the United States are glorying in the census reports of their in-creased population. Censorious old cur-mudgeons, however, assert that these towns are not a bit better for being bigger.

There being so little for them to do now, since Prohibition is in effect, dry agents, in order to earn their salaries, are seizing innocent trucks laden with cases of "explosives," "type" and "embalming fluid."

Manufacturers' excess profits are a grievous burden on makers of clothing. A great woolen company admits that it makes as much as 75c to \$1 on the cloth that goes into a suit retailing at only \$80

Looking for something that might possibly run well and manufacture votes for the party, the New York State Democra-tic Convention "suggested" the Hon. Harriet May Mills as a candidate for Secretary

It is estimated that under the new law and order act, 500,000 Irish people could be arrested because they bought bonds of the "Irish Republic." Until this cloud on them is lifted a slump in these securities is not impossible.

In planning to make a red-hot (air) campaign tour of the country, Christensen, the candidate of the radical third party, seems to be taking unfair advantage of Debs, who is obliged to conduct only a barred-window crusade.

With 72,000 New York fans making a frantic subway-rush-hour struggle recently to crowd into the grounds where popular teams were playing on the diamond, one is forced to conclude that basebalt is gradu-ally living down the stiff American preju-

Janesville, Wis., puts out a claim for the championship in the matter of thrift. With a population of only 18,293 there are 13,206 savings accounts in the little city's five banks, the average deposit being nearly \$300. To accumulate money practice parsimony.

The hard-pressed housewives of the United States have bravely endured the higher prices of food and garments and housing, but will they not rise in revolt over the quadrupling in the value of ostrich feathers since these were decreed to be again in fashion?

A Russian editor asserts that "Bolsheviki" means more men, not in the sense of "majority," but in the sense of "wanting more." He thus makes out Bolsheim more." He thus makes out Bolshevists to be the Oliver Twists of his nation. Certainly they have twisted civilization a good deal out of shape.

A Negro convention in New York elected one of its number as "President of Africa." This was a bigger stroke than was the choosing of De Valera as "President of Ireland." But the downtrodden Africans are so uncivilized that they have not yet begun to "raise ructions.

A statistician who has been giving Chicago a good look-over, and who takes a long look ahead, calculates that if the present rate of divorces in that city continues, the number of divorces there will by 1950 equal the number of weddings. Then Chicago will be a city of wrecked homes and well-fitted for Soviet rule. And all this in spite of Chicago's virtuous present

The Pennsylvania Railroad managers, in explaining the reduction of the number of employees on their lines, harrowed the feelings of honest workingmen by alleging that from 1914 to date, with a 30 per cenincrease in number of workers and a 128 per cent. increase in the payroll, the increase in passenger and freight traffic was only 18 per cent. With the reduced force more work is being done.

Let the people think and smile!



FOOD fried in lard (animal fat) soaks up the fat which is not only wasteful, but it makes the food greasy and indigestible.

Mazola, the Great American Cooking Oil, is used so much hotter it cooks the outside of the food quickly. Hence it doesn't soak into the food-to anywhere near the extent of lard.

This fact was again demonstrated when Mrs. A. Louise Andrea, famous expert in modern cookery, fried 2534 lbs. of fish steaks in 2 lbs. of Mazola. The same amount of lard fried only 161/2 lbs. The fish steaks were cut to an average thickness of one inch.

During the same series of experiments-which can be duplicated by anyone interested-Mrs. Andrea fried 241/2 lbs. of potatoes in 2 lbs. of Mazola, while the same amount of lard cooked only 7 lbs. 14 ozs. of potatoes.

Also, of doughnuts, Mrs. Andrea fried 208 in 2 lbs. of Mazola, while 2 lbs. of

lard fried only 138 doughnuts.

No wonder Mazola is acclaimed by more than seven million housewives and that it is found universally in the best hotels, clubs, and dining cars of leading railroads.

FREE

Sixty-four page beautifully illustrated Corn Products Cook Book. Write today. Corn Products Refining Co., P. O. Box 161, New York.

MAZOLA

The World's Leading House Specialists Have Planned **Your Home**

6000



COPPIN

THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH

This is Harris Home No. LF-1018—a "Homey" little

More than 100 other Guaranteed Ready-Cut Homes in Our FREE Book!

The 1920 Harris Free Book of Plans includes more than a hundred other beautiful homes with floor plans and complete details. Not picture houses but practical, artistic buildings—built many times, always with extreme satisfaction and economy to their owners.

This wonderful book brings to your home the culminated effort of a score of master designers—men who are recognized as the world's leading house specialists. This book gives you the benefit of their practical knowledge as the originators of the "Direct to You" home building industry. Get your copy of this book now.

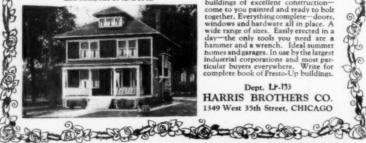
Guaranteed Ready-Cut and Bundling System

Our Guaranteed Ready-Cut System of furnishing material machine cut has exclusive merits—special advantages for the shrewd and careful home builder—possessed by no other plan or method. It is the safest and most sensible way to build ideal your home right without wasting a single penny. Our Simplified Marking and Bundling System is instantly understood by anyone. If you can read, you can't go wrong.

Free Blue Print Plan Offer!

Write now for your copy of the latest edition of our Free Book of Plans. Learn why you secure the utmost possible in quality, economy and service when you build a Harris Home. Our Free Plan Offer gives you blue prints of uniform scale, easy to read and readily understood. With them you profit directly—immediately. Write now.

"PRESTO-UP" Patented Bolt-Together Buildings



The most wonderful development of the building age. Attractive buildings of excellent construction—come to you painted and ready to bolt together. Everything complete—doors, windows and hardware all in place. A wide range of sizes. Easily erected in a day—the only tools you need are a hammer and a wrench. Ideal summer homes and garages. In use by the largest industrial corporations and most particular buyers everywhere. Write for complete book of Presto-Up buildings.

HARRIS BROTHERS CO. 1349 West 35th Street, CHICAGO

a system of treating the eyes at home; is a system of treating the eyes at home; is practised daily by hundreds of thousands of people with great satisfaction. The Bon-Opto system quickly relieves inflammation of the eyes and lids. It cleanses, soothes and rests tired, dusty, work-strained eyes and is a help to better eyesight. Ask your druggist. He knows. He will refund your money without question, if you are dissatisfied. There is no other home eye treatment like **Bon-Opto**.



REE BOOK Learn Piano! This Interesting Free Book

Pixon

State Connervatories. See the Connervatories of the Connerv



High School Course in Two Years Learn at

ments. Propared by leading members of the faculties of universities and eachemies. This is your opportunity. Write for booklet and full particulars. No obligations what ever Write today—NOW.

AMERICAN SCHOOL OF CORRESPONDENCE.

Dapp. N.-78.

Regarding Subscription and Editorial Matters

SUBSCRIPTION OFFICES: Main office-runswick Building, 225 Fifth Avenue, NEW ork, European agent: Wm. Dawson & Sons, d.; Cannon House, Breams' Bldg., London, C., England, Annual cash subscription price .00. Single copies of present year and 1919, cents each; of 1918, 20 cents each; 1917, 30

Persons representing themselves as connected with LESLIE'S should always be asked to produce cre-

initials. CHANGE IN ADDRESS: Subscriber's old didress as well as the new must be sent in with equest for the change. Also give the number pipearing on the right hand side of the address in the wrapper. It takes from ten days to two the wrapper. It takes from ten days to two seks to make a change. ADVERTISING OFFICES: Brunswick Bldg., 5 Fifth Ave., New York: Marquette Bldg. incago; Henry Bldg., Searth.

EDITORIAL OFFICES: Main office—225
Fifth Avenue, New York. Washington representative—320 District National Bank Bldg., Washington, 200 Contributes: Lessific will be glad to conform the state of the st

Address all Correspondence to LESLIE'S, 225 Fifth Avenue, New York City

According to Rule Special Opportunities

(Continued from page 421)

Tait and I understand each other. While it's strictly against my practice to take a hand in the domestic affairs of any line, I'm going to see this thing through Barton did me a great favor once and I've never forgotten it.

Hunt nodded. "I'd clean forgot! remember that perfectly! I'll bet that was the day Ben first began to hate him."

That afternoon a young man light of step, bright of eye and soft of voice called on Mr. Garfinkle and modestly thanked

"Jimmie," Garfinkle murmured, "don't thank me yet. You understand that in my place, standing as a kind of official guardian of the peace and honesty of the Pacific, I can't take any active part in the affairs of any company. I stretched a point with Garret Hunt, and he took you. You know better than I what his line is up against. I reckon you can figure on Ben Buckingham starting right in to break both

"He will, wholeheartedly," Barton returned. "The minute he hears I'm general manager of the Hunt ships, right then and there he oils up his trusty blunderbuss and lays out nights for me.

'You-you'll stick with Hunt?" Barton's face grew slightly grim. "I will. I've had no easy sailing since Ben kicked me out, and I have a notion that I am going to win this campaign or lose the war. Gimme eighteen months and——"
Mr. Garfinkle shook his head.
"Eleven months, Jimmie! If you don't win in that time, the Hunt ships will be up

There was silence. Barton's face lost some of its youthful quality and hardened. His eyes became almost metallic in their luster. When he spoke it was in a new tone, rigid, decisive and curt: "Make it ten months-and the Hunt steamers will have the bulk of the trade and Ben will be taking the count."

Mr. Garfinkle digested this. "Would it be fair to ask-to ask just what your idea he said.

Barton nodded. "I have the advan-tage from the start-off," he answered. age from the start-off," he answered.
Mr. Buckingham couldn't for the life of him understand me or my methods. He'll be fighting in the dark all the time."

Will he-will he know when he's licked, Timmie?

The young man laughed. "He will-

and all San Francisco will know, too."

The following morning the papers announced the appointment of James Barton to be general manager of the Hunt line of steamships, and the waterfront buzzed during the day with gossip. From the Hunt office no news came of any change in policy. But Ben Buckingham's secretary gave out an interview for his employer predicting lower rates in the Pacific trade— the first shot in the new campaign. No reply was made to this by General Mana-ger James Barton nor by President Garret Hunt. Then the public was allowed to forget the rivalry between the two lines for six weeks. On a Monday morning the papers came out with the arrival of the Hunt liner Princess Alicia filling a column on the front page, while the arrival of the Buckingham express steamer Mandarin occupied a half column under "Shipping

Samuel Garfinkle read both accounts in his office and summoned his confiden-

"Henry," he said, "please clip all the papers relative to the Hunt Line and the Buckingham Line and file properly under James Barton and Benjamin Buckingham. Start with these, Henry."

sir.'

"Yes, sir.
"I think you will find plenty of material. Henry, from now on."

(Continued on page 438)

PATENT ATTORNEYS

Patents. Write for Free Guide Book & Evidence of Conception Blank. Send model or sketch of invention for free opinion of its patem, able nature. Highest references, Reasonable Terms Victor J. Evans & Co., 813 F St., Washington, D. C

Inventors Desiring to secure patent. Write for our book, "How to Get Your Patent, Send model or sketch for our opinion of its patentable nature. Randolph Co., 789 F St., Washington, D. C.

Patent Sense. "The Book for Inventors and Manufacturers." By return mail Free. Write Lacey & Lacey, Dept. O. Washington, D. C. Established 1869.

Patents-Send for Free Booklet, Highest references. Best results. Promptness assure Watson E, Coleman, Patent Lawyer, 624 F 8 Washington, D. C.

AGENTS WANTED

Biggest Money-Maker in America. I want 100 men and women to take orders for rain coats, raincapes and waterproof aprons. Thousands of orders waiting for you. \$2 an hour for spare time. McDonough made \$813 in one month. Nissen \$19 in three hours. Purviance \$207 in seven days, \$5000 a year profit for eight average orders a day. No delivering or collecting. Beautiful coat free. No experience or capital required Write for information. Comer Mfg. Co., Dept. D-219, Dayton, Ohlo.

Tire Agents. Exclusive representatives to use and sell the new Mellinger Extra-Ply Tires. (No seconds.) Guaranteed Bond 8000 Miles Wholesale Prices. Sample sections furnished. Mellinger Tire Co., 975 Oak, Kansas City, Missouri

Sell Insyde Tyres. Inner Armor for old or new auto tires. Increase tire mileage. Preven punctures and blowouts. Liberal profits. America Access. Co., Dept. L. I., Cincinnati, O.

Large Manufacturer wants agents to sell Guaranteed made-to-measure Raincoats, \$50 to \$7 weekly. Highest commission. Profit in advance. Out fit free. Standard Raincoat Co., 163 W. 21 St., N. Y

Sales Agents Wanted in every county to give all or spare time. Positions worth \$750 to \$1,500 yearly. We train the inexperienced. Novelty Cutlery Company, 238 Bar St., Canton, Ohio.

400% Profit. Sells \$5.00, You Make \$4.00. Free Sample, Business, Professional Men r-order weekly. Write for state rights, Business. Drawer 596, Hartford, Conn.

BOOKS

Every Intelligent Wage-Earner and Employer should read "Some Dog." This "little book with the big purpose" is interesting thinking people in all parts of the country, and has received high commendation. The publisher is urged on every side to get this book into the hands of everybody. It is the right size for the coat pocket, contains only 60 pages, is printed in large type, can be read in a half hour, and will be read many times. Everyone wants his friends to read it "as an aid to straight thinking along economic lines," (See editorial. American Lumberman, Aug., 14, 1920.) An odd title, "Some Dog." but everyone when he reads this little book gets the but everyone when he reads this little book gets the life of the copies, mailed the page 25c per copy; \$1.00 per life, Order now, and then think about it each of orece. Order now, and then think about it each of the prices on request. F. A. Higgins, Publisher, Bradbury, Me.

PERSONAL

Cash.—Send by Mail Any Discarded Jewelry. new or broken, Diamonds, Watches, and gold, silver, platinum, magneto-points, false teeth in any shape. We send cash at once and hold your goods ten days. Your goods returned at our expense ff our offer is unsatisfactory. New Catalog of bar-gains in new jewelry sent free. Liberty Refining Co., Est. 1889. L432 Wood St., Liberty Refining

Get Highest Cash Prices for New or Brokswelry, diamonds (loose or mounted), wat silver or platinum in any amount or form or silver or piatnum in any amount or form, gold or silver ores and nuggets, magneto points, mercury, false teeth, war bonds, war stamps, unused postage of any denomination—in fact anything of value. Send us by mail or express. Cash sent in return at once. Goods returned in 10 days if you're not satisfied. The Onio Smelting & Refining Co., 233 Lennox Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio.

CLEANING & DYEING

That Soldier Overcoat! Have it altered into a civilian style, dyed a dark blue or black new buttons etc. Complete, \$10.00 Parcel post to Sanitary Cleaning and Dyeing Co., Wilkes Barre, Pa

MOTION PICTURE PLAYS, STORIES, ETC.

Free to Writers—a wonderful little book of money-making hints, suggestions, ideas; the ABC r-making hints, suggestions, ideas sful story and playwriting. Absol ress Authors Press, Dept. 30, Aubi

MICH. FARM LANDS FOR SALE

Get a Farm Home. In Michigan. 20, 80 acres make you independent. Stock, poultry seral farming. \$15 to \$25 per acre. Small dow yment—balance easy monthly terms. Free book Swigart Land Co., Z-1245 First Nat'l Bank ig., Chicago, Ill.

REAL ESTATE

lf You Wish to Sell or Buy Improved farms, land, factories, city property, patents leases, etc., no matter where located, then v John J. Black, 176th St., Chippewa Falls, W

Advertising in this Column costs \$3.00 a line. A discount of 15% is allowed when six or more consecutive issues are used. Minimum space, four lines. Guaranteed circulation 500,000 (at least 95% net paid).

ook & patent Terms itent.

entable n, D. C ntors Write D. C

High-

F St

a. I or rain ands of e time. en \$19 , \$5000 No de-experi-nation, o.

tives Tires Miles nished

r old

ty to

dake

Em-

book beople com-ide to is the bages, hour, ts his nking Lum-Dog," ts the \$1,00 ipt of Tyou es on Me.

rded eth in

rok-

ches, gold cury, stage alue, rn at satis-Len-

ool ABC free

20

n ed d.



EW WORLD OF SCIENCE Edited by Hereward Carrington, Ph. D

A Remarkable Psychic Photograph

ELOW is one of the most striking and curious photographs ever taken. It was recently made by Mr.
E. P. Le Flohic, of Superior, Wisconsin, and is the result of an experiment in which he endeavored to obtain an impression upon a photographic plate, of lights or other appearances which might manifest themselves in the dark. Mr. and Mrs. Le Flohic and a few friends gathered together on a number of evenings, and sat in the dark, in order to obtain some in the dark, in order to obtain some "psychic phenomena," if possible. They would darken the room, then expose the

would darken the room, then expose the plate of a camera, by removing the cap, and grope their way back to their respective chairs again. Though the plate was exposed, nothing would normally appear upon it, because the room was dark.

After a while, something would be "felt" in the room, and, at that moment, the flashlight would be set off, the plate would be exposed, and whatever was present photographed. The sitters would then again cover the lens of the camera, and turn on the lights.

turn on the lights.

Nothing was obtained on these exposed lates for a long time, but finally queer lights and luminous marks began to ap-pear. The accompanying illustration shows us their latest "psychic photograph" snows us their latest "psychic photograph" obtained in this manner. A large band of light, apparently emitting a sort of radiation or "halo," is seen passing through the room—though none of the sitters saw anything during the flash or in the previous darkness.

cluded by the fact that numbers of other photographs—all different—have been ob-tained in the past. Mr. Le Flohic is not a professional medium, but a business man, who is making these experiments for his own interest.

Readers of Leslie's Weekly who might care to make experiments in this

T is now definitely known that rats, infected with the germs of the plague, carry the disease about with them from place to place, and thus disseminate infection. Strict measures have therefore been taken to prevent the spread of the dread disease by keeping these rats from landing, when there is reason to suspect that the ship is harboring the plague. If, therefore, you take a walk along the water-front of New York or San Francisco, you will find many vessels moored to the piers with hawsers that support, about midway to the dockhead, large metal disks, such as that shown in the accompanying illustra-

These are rat guards, and constitute one of the means now being utilized by the U.S. Government Public Health Service to prevent the germs of the bubonic plague from being brought into this country by rats. A Government official is shown on the opposite page putting one of the rat shields in place on the hawser of a vessel from a foreign port. The shield is of metal, which the rat cannot gnaw through, so that it can only return to the vessel or fall off

The regularity of the light is very curious, and any defect in the plate is pre-into the water!

A luminous impression obtained upon a photographic plate, without assignable cause. What is it? A spirit message?



Made by the Makers of Pennsylvania
Auto Tubes "Ton Testod"

its unswerving course where ordinarily the "going" is treacherous.

You think of the tread that is guaranteed not to skid on wet, slippery pavements.

You think of the exclusive distinctiveness of the des gn-of what it means in added appearance, longer wear, absolute safety.

You think of the standardized net prices approximately those of ordinary makes.

Then you realize why Vacuum Cup Cord and Fabric Tires are in such popular evidence.

Guaranteed-per warranty tag attached to each casing-for:

Vacuum Cup Fabric Tires . . . 6,000 Miles Vacuum Cup Cord Tires . . . 9,000 Miles Channel Tread Cord Tires . . . 9,000 Miles

PENNSYLVANIA RUBBER COMPANY of AMERICA

Jeannette, Pennsylvania

Direct Factory Branches and Service Agencies
Throughout the United States and Canada
Export Department, Woolworth Building, New York City



THE NATIONAL FAMILY EX-PENSE BOOK has rulings and special forms for keeping complete records of daily expense, which can be totaled at the end of the month.

THE LOOSE LEAF MEMO is the ideal way to preserve notes, addresses, data, cash account, business and personal matters—all in the same cover properly indexed.

Send for free copy of "GOOD FORMS FOR BOOKKEEPERS."

NATIONAL BLANK BOOK CO., 11 Riverside, Holyoke, Mass.

ARE YOU GOING TO EASURE UP MANHOOD

YOU PHYSICALLY FIT: ook forward serenely, confidently the day when you will wed the cherish? Do you see in your day ving, admiring wife and sturdy children of your own flesh an blood and a dear little, happy home?

My Hand is Held Out to You in Friendship—I Want to Help You

Friendship—I want to Help Yee

Strongfortism has lifted thousands of weak, ailing, impotent, discouraged men out of the bog of hopelessness and despair and placed them on the broad, straight road to health, happiness and prosperity. Strongfortism has restored the sold they had destroyed and thought they st forever and siven them renewed viambition and the power to DO THINGS world.

Send for my FREE book
"Promotion and Conservation of Health,
Strength and Mental Energy
free, but the information which it contains will be of in
make wake to you. It will tall you how you may
build yourself up to perfect health—how you may become
roug, fealthy man. Send three 2e stampe to cover packing

LIONEL STRONGFORT



ECONOMY renewable FUSES

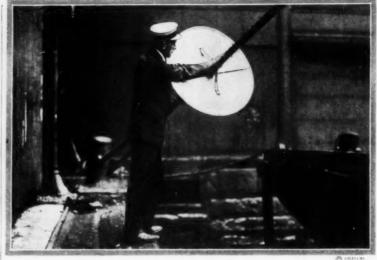


Were the first line using an inexpensive bare renewal link for restoring a blown fuse to its original efficiency to be APPROVED IN ALL CAPACITIES by the Under-writers' Laboratories.

For sale by all leading elec-trical jobbers and dealers ECONOMY FUSE & MFG. CO. Chicago, U.S.A.

Economy Fuses also are made in Canada at Montreal.

Prepare by mail in spare time fee this attractive profession, in which there are great opportunities. Send at once for time book DEARI G. ALGUEN, President, as School of Banking, 19 Buckene Big., Cotumbust, 0.



A shield for preventing plague-infected rats from landing in America.

Plague is one of the most fatal diseases with the bite of a fly, which has itself become which has ever visited our earth. It has infected; and the relative immunity of destroyed hundreds of thousands of human white men to these diseases has been lives, and even today its ravages are ter-In India and the tropics this disease flourishes-spreading with enormous The plague-germs have now been isolated, and are known to affect every part of the body. Their appearance is pecu- good one, and should be acted upon

resembling elongated rings. A number of these shown here with, having in-vaded the spleen, together with spleen cells and Leucocytes. The majority of cases are still fatal.

The Deadly Fly and His Proboscis

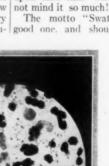
IT is only within the past few years that microphotography, means of the motionpicture camera, has een rendered possible. But great strides have been made within that time, and now we

locomotion in consequence; and also much and he stated that the water was there and

vessels-will at once be noted. Of course, the fly's "proboscis" is not

used for smelling, but for eating, and with it he draws up his food, by means of suction, into his body. Flies eat good

food and decaying matter with appar ently equal relish, and for that reason they are dangerous, since they are likely to spreat! disease and infec-tion. The "Sleep-ing Sickness" and other diseases are known to be defim. o. nitely connected



Scraping from spleen, showing plague bacilli with spleen cells and Leucocytes.

whenever of the household pests is within

white men to these diseases has been attributed, in large part, to the dislike

which white men have to flies settling upon their skin—whereas black men do

An Instrument for "Dousing"

WHEN the VV British landed at Suvla Bay, Gallipoli, was the boast of the Turks that the army could not stay there, owing the fact that there was no water for man or animal. However, an Australian sapper named Kelly succeeded, by using a "divining rod," in locating no less thirty-four than places where an

know a great deal about animal and bird abundance of fresh water was to be found; about life and living tissues, which we should never have known otherwise.

Would run at so many gallons an hour. His statements proved correct. Shafts Micro-organisms have also been studied in this manner, so that their birth, life and death can now be photographed.

His statements proved correct. Shafts were sunk, water was found; and it was owing to this fact that the British army was enabled to stay of Soul Police. The accompanying photograph shows us an enlargement of the "nose" of a blow-fly! The curious striped appearance degree "clairvoy-degree "clairvoy-

degree "clairvoy-ant," and. some how "sense" the water or metal underground. That the former explanation is the correct one — for many cases at least—is proved by the fact that M. Henry Mager, of Paris, has lately devised an instrument means of which underground water may be located. This instrument is be located. as yet in a state of experimentation, and has not been placed upon the market as a commercial proposi-



The kind of a home vou could hug

Isn't this a little dream of a home! Can't you just picture how happy and comfortable you could be in it! And it's only one of the cream of 1,000 practical and distinctive bungalows—suited to any climate—actually built for \$1,000 to \$9,000 and featured in the Craftsman book.

All about Bungalows

Don't even think of a home until you get this exclusive bungalow book—the most authoritative work of its kind ever published—112 pages of captivating exteriors and interiors, plans, size of rooms, cost, etc., together with practical suggestions and money-saving hints by a home-building expert. Worth many times its cost to any prospective home owner. Price \$1 postpaid. Smaller edition, devoted to Colonial Bungalows, 50c. Money back of dissatisfied. Send check, money order or stamps. ** Yoho & Merritt, The Craftsman Designers, 710 Empire Bldg., Seattle, Wash.



Send No Money

A

ar Of

Only one order to reader—we make this slashing cut price big bargain value, to introduce our catalog to thousands of new friends, hence must limit each man to one order.

WE GUARANTEE to refund money if not an expresented was you ever ass. Seed so measer, just name and address. Seed so measer, just name and address. Seed to measer, just name and address. Seed to measer, just name and address. Seed to measer the proposed to the

BERNARD-HEWITT & COMPANY
Dept. T2610 900 W. Van Buren Street, Chicage, Ille



DIAMONDS For a Few Cents a Day

Diamond bargains—128 pages of them. The greatest Di ever published sent free for your name and address. The millions of dolars worth of diamonds sent apon request down. Terms as low as a few centra day, 5 per cent yes a value grantsteed. Extra 6 per cent bens may be Write Today for 123-page book, thousands of but the contraction. Write NOW to Dopt J. M. LYON & CO.

1 Raides Lam, Res

Agents: We Pay \$6

an hour taking orders for All-weather Guar-anteed Waterproof Raincoats. Brand-new line. Latest styles. Over 25 patterns of cloth shown in our Big Swatch Book. Free to you.

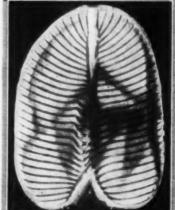
\$4000 a year guaranteed for 2 average orders a day

No experience necessary. No capital needed. All you do at take orders. We deliver by parcel post and do all collecting. You set your commission same day order is booked. Wilson took 13 orders in one day—made over \$60. Bake took 2 orders in one day—made over \$60. Bake took 2 orders in one day—made over \$60. Bake took 2 orders in one evening. His profit \$12. Bly, a crippled collect, averaged \$32 a day for first two weeks. Martha Kilburn took 14 orders in one week.

This is a real business proposition. No peddling teme. All you do is take orders. Mail them in d we do the rest. Send for free swatch book. If u mean business, we will send you sample coat to ar and show to customers. mas Raincoat Co., 2414 Jane St., Dayton, O.



Wrestling Book FREE Be an expert wrestler. Learn at home by ma Wonderful lessons prepared by world's champion Farmer Burns and Frank Gotch. Free boo talls you how. Secret holds, blocks and trisks re vealed. Don't delay, Be strong, healthy, Handl big men with easy. Write for free book. State age Farmer Burns. 2007 Rampe Hidg., Omaka, Net



Micro-photograph of the proboscis

Weekly

ne

an't

NS

iors ost, ons ild-t to \$1

ey

ro, Ilk

ay
d book
oice of
noney
crease
d.

66

for

, 0.

OI O



THERE was a man in our town, And he was wondrous wise; A League of Neighbors on his street He sought to organize
As you perhaps surmise,
He based his calculations, His plan and scope, His dream and hope, Upon the League of Nations.

Quoth he, this man in our town, If nations all can dwell In one pacific brotherhood, Then neighbors can as well A perfect parallel,
Our street will soon be noted
For lack of strife;
Each neighbor's life
To common weal devoted.

"Should Mrs. Brown and Mrs. Burke Display a wish to fight, An Inner Council shall decide Which one of them is right. The Council shall unite, By open arbitration, Each couple who No longer coo, But seek a separation.

"Piano players late at night, A dog that howls like sin, Deep bleatings on the saxophone. Or any other din, We'll settle from within;
The League will not permit it.
A two-third vote
The antidote To make a nuisance quit it.

"And when a neighbor's darling boy Goes crying home to say Another neighbor's angel child Just beat him up at play, The League without delay, A cool and calm transaction, Shall close the breach, And heal to each Fond Mother's satisfaction."

"Oh, tell me, man of our town,"
Quoth I, "can this be done?
Can neighbors dwell in harmony,
In brotherhood, as one?
Or speak you just in fun?"
Quoth he, "My calculations
All doubts dispel.
'Twill work as well
As any League of Nations."

Speaking of campaign funds—and quite a few people are—how would it do to look up what it cost to elect Abraham Lincoln and then limit both Cox and Harding to a likeamount?

00

00 Worries of a Candidate

AT Outset of Campaign: "Have just been down to the railroad yard to look over the private car, Alcibiades, in which the Committee plan I shall tour the country. It won't do; altogether too aristocratic for a presidential candidate. Offensively, suspiciously luxurious. Might as well be named the Yellow Dog."

Day or Two Afterward: "Have quite a young row on with the National Committee. They heeded my protest as to the private car, Alcibiades, but said I had to sort, whether I liked it or not. Am determined to do nothing which might alienate the affections of the common people.

The League of Neighbors, or the League of Nations in Miniature

THERE was a man in our town, And he was wondrous wise; A League of Neighbors on his street which the street whic bunk-house for a section gang.'

Later Still: "After a sleepless night, have changed my mind. No parlor car of any kind for me. They are plutocratic by nature, and suggest a corruptly filled campaign chest. Shall insist upon a plain day-coach. Politically, it will be a master stroke."

Next Day: "It cannot be! The day coach assigned me by the Committee was better looking than most Pullmans. would suggest ostentatious simplicity, and that would be fatal. Eureka! (Note to Common People: Eureka is a Greek word, meaning I have found it.) I shall campaign from the rear of a freight, using the caboose as a speaker's stand. Magnificent!

Still Another: "Took a trial trip on a caboose, and have called it off. Freight caboose, and have called it off. Freight crews make so much money these days, the association for me would be disastrous; as damaging to my chances as riding on a bankers' special would be. We cannot allow even a suspicion of money to taint our campaign.

Triumphant Finale: "Perfection at last! The Committee has provided me with an old hand-car, and I am to help work it myself. Exercise glorious. In-fluence upon the Common People and Labor incalculable!"

Panicky Postscript: "Confusion! My opponent is WALKING around the country, campaigning. The jig is up."

The day that Daniel Winters of Pitts-burg, former President of the National Window Glass Workers, dropped in on Marion's best-known front porch, Senator Harding used the expression, "As I see it," nine times in one brief speech. A deft and original little compliment to the windowglass industry.

00 "Joshiku Jaku"

In Tokio, the authorities maintain a school for telephone girls at which the latter are taught house-keeping, languages, sewing, music and joshiku jaku (common sense).

IF Central seems a bit obtuse, In other words, a trifle dense, Assail her not with gross abuse, But urge a course in—joshiku jaku.

If "Number, please," is all you get
When cut off in your eloquence,
Don't splutter words that you'll regret;
Suggest a course in —joshiku jaku.

Hello, Japan! Japan? Hello! Congratulations! Great! Immense! You teach 'em how to sing, to sew, And, oh, you teach 'em—joshiku jaku!

(40)

The worst cases of slow starvation in the world today are those of the microbes which used to be "swept up and carried away by women's trailing skirts."

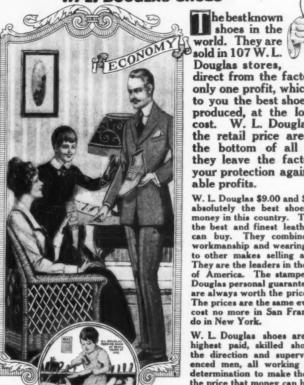
termined to do nothing which might alienate the affections of the common people."

Still Later On: "Have finally found a car which will suit. It is a parlor car which will suit.

W.L. Douglas

\$7.00 \$8.00 \$9.00 & \$10.00 SHOES FOR MEN AND WOMEN

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY WEARING W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES



\$4.50 \$5.00 Douglas stores, and \$5.50 direct from the factory to you at only one profit, which guarantees to you the best shoes that can be produced, at the lowest possible cost. W. L. Douglas name and the retail price are stamped on the bottom of all shoes before they leave the factory, which is your protection against unreasonable profits.

able profits.

W. L. Douglas \$9.00 and \$10.00 shoes are absolutely the best shoe values for the money in this country. They are made of the best and finest leathers that money can buy. They combine quality, style, workmanship and wearing qualities equal to other makes selling at higher prices. They are the leaders in the fashion centers of America. The stamped price is W. L. Douglas personal guarantee that the shoes are always worth the price paid for them. The prices are the same everywhere; they cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York.

W. L. Douglas shoes are made by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experi-enced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

W. L. Douglas shoes are for sale by over 9000 shoe dealers besides our own stores. If your local dealer cannot supply you, take no other make. Order direct from factory. Send for booklet telling how to order shoes bymail, postage free

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W.L.Doug-las shoes. The name and price is plainly W.L.Douglas Shoe & stamped on the sole. Be careful to see that it has not been changed or mutilated.

Brockton, Mass.

Club Feet Corrected

Born with Club Feet, Garland Born with Club Feet, Garland Akers was brought to the McLain Sanitarium for treatment. The two photographs and his parents letter show the remarkable results secured.

"We cannot begin to tell you how deligi er e cannot begin to tall you how delights we were to see Garland's feet so nice an straight when he came home and to see his looking so well. We can never thank you enough for giving him straight useful feet in place of the badly clubbed fort that he had when be came to your place."

Crippled Children Crippled Children
The McLain Sanitarium
is a thoroughly equipped
private institution devoted exclusively to the
treatment of Club Feet,
Infantile Paralysis, Spinal
Diseases and Deformities.
Hip Disease, Wry Neck,
etc., especially as found
in children and young
adults. Our book, "Deformities and Paralysis";
also "Book of References,"
free, Write for them.
McLain Orthospelic Sanitarium McLain Orthopodic Sanitarium 965 Aubert Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

This book contains 144 pages of pracrins book contains 144 pages of practical information that is of exceptional value to everyone interested in record keeping for office, factory, store or bank. Illustrates and describes 40 different record-keeping forms.

MOORE'S LOOSE LEAF SYSTEM is the standard system of record-keeping in more than 200,000 offices.

Write for FREE Book Today



The magazine that puts you on speaking terms with your favorite star

20c a copy

For sale at all Newsstands

\$2.00 a year

(Advertising Rates on Application)

Lealie-Judge Company, 225 Fifth Avenue, New York City

Lift off Corns with Fingers

Doesn't hurt a bit and "Freezone" costs only a few cents



You can lift off any hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the hard skin calluses from bottom of feet.

Apply a few drops of "Freezone" upon the corn or callue. Instantly it stops hurting, then shortly you lift that bothersome corn or callus right off, root and all, without one bit of pain or soreness. Truly!

Tiny bottle of "Freezone" costs few cents at any drug store





La Salle Extension University, Dept. 1051-H Chicago

According to Rule

(Continued from page 434)

"Yes sir."
In his great office in a lofty building up larket Street Ben Buckingham thun"But that wireless was to the hotel!" Market Street Ben Buckingham thundered at his secretary.

"It's your business to see the newspapermen Siddick. Distinctly your business. And here I find a whole column of pure drivel about the *Princess Alicia* arriving in mid-afternoon and nothing but a passenger list of our Mandarin which berthed at eight in the morning. Nothing about the Mandarin's making the voyage from port to port in fifteen days, eight hours, while Hunt's steamer consumed eighteen. And such drivel!"

The excellent Siddick flushed and stammered, "Heart interest, sir."
"Heart interest!" bellowed his employer. "Wha'd'ye mean heart interest? ployer. "Wha'd'ye mean heart interest? What's heart interest got to do with fourteen-thousand ton express steamships? Siddick, you're an ass!"

The secretary withdrew and went to his wn desk and stared at the story which occupied so much space in the papers. was practically the same in each, though

treated differently. He reread the one in the Chromicle. It began:

Captain J. Garlock brought the Hunt liner Princess Alicia inside the Golden Gate yesterday afternoon at three o'clock after a fast passage from Japan. As a compliment to the twenty-two engaged couples on the big ship General Manager James Barton met the *Princess Alicia* down the bay with the Yacht Thunder. By special arrangement with the port officials the happy young people were allowed to transfer to the Thunder in the lower bay and were quickly brought to the city. At seven last night General Manager Barton and Captain Garlock entertained the be-trothed at dinner in the Maple Room of the Palace.

Another paper started its story thus: Twenty-two successful love affairs marked what Captain Garlock of the Hunt liner Princess Alicia asserts was the pleasantest voyage he has ever made. Last night the forty-four lucky young people enjoyed dinner at the Palace Hotel as guests of General Manager Barton of the Hunt Line.

For two hours the secretary sat at his desk trying to convince himself that this was a smart press-agent story. Then he sought his superior and failed in fifteen minutes to soften that gentleman's

"I don't care whether it's a fake or not!" Ben Buckingham said crisply. "It's bad business for us! And you're the man I pay to see that such things don't happen! Get out!"

Six days later the papers carried four column pictures of the outbound crowd of passengers on the *Princess Alicia* over the caption

POPULAR LINER'S DEPARTURE A SOCIETY FUNCTION

Mr. Garfinkle glanced at this and ran his eyes down the column till he came to this

among the first-cabin passengers is Mr. E. de Hayden, the eminent silk manufacturer of Lille, France.

"First blood for Jimmie!" Garfinkle urmured. "De Hayden has shipped murmured. through the Buckinghams for years!

Ten mornings later Mr. Siddick was one hour late coming to his office in the Buckingham building. But his employer was waiting for him and lost no time in demanding an explanation of still another story in the papers-this time a long wireless from the Hunt steamer Princess Marguerite arranging for a special wedding and

Siddick pleaded. "It never came to any paper. It was given out by the hotel management late last night."

"A famous explorer and an heiress!" Buckingham roared. "Who's responsible for their traveling on a Hunt boat, anyway? And they get engaged on the trip and the ship wirelesses in for a big wedding and all that and Barton gets the credit!"

Siddick brightened. "I don't see why we couldn't get news like that, sir. Only "I don't see why

ast trip of the *Emperor*—"
"Stuff!" retorted his employer. "You miss my point entirely. I don't want any yarns like this in the papers about our ships. I want you to see to it that proper items get in-like that stroke when I signed the Oriental Bazars Ltd. up for sixteen thousand tons in bond from Hongkong to Antwerp.

The third of the Hunt steamships, the Princess Katherine, brought still more publicity for the line. She had on board and in charge of expert nurses supplied by General Manager Barton, fifty-three children of ages from two years to seven.

This time Ben Buckingham called in

others besides his secretary. He le-manded information. He learned that his own agents in Shanghai had cabled relative to a reduced rate for fifty young children, belonging to Americans in straitened circumstances in the Orient.

'I understand that these children are the sons and daughters of some eight or ten missionaries whose leave of absence does not come for some time, of a half dozen mechanics employed in dock yards, and of various other white couples who are anxious to get their children away and back to America in view of the disturbed conditions in the Far East." the General Traffic Agent. "By your orders I cabled back that no reduction could be made and that no children without proper parents or guardians would be booked for passage, and if accompanied by parents or proper guardians only in the second cabin," he added.

Mr. Buckingham laid a neat fingertip on a single line in the paper that shook under his hand.

"Master J. Reginald Smythe, Jr., and Miss Ethel de P. Smythe," he croaked. "D'ye know whose those kids are? Children of the J. Reginald Smythe who controls all the business we get from the Black Castle Line. And Barton supplies nurses and toys and gives the whole outfit a cracking supper at the hotel after the ship berths *and* they traveled in special quarters." Ben glared at his staff. "That marks off a fair eleven hundred tons of freight each voyage we have always got. Break Barton! That's all!" Within the week Pacific freights dropped

and the Buckingham Line issued a formal statement that owing to altered trade conditions and an increasing number of bottoms available rates would hardly remain stationary long. The Hunt Line said nothing.

othing.

Barton took occasion to call for a going on Garfinkle. "I'm not going moment on Garfinkle. "I'm not going to drop a cent in rates," he said pleasantly. "You'll have to," was the reply. Then Mr. Garfinkle altered his remark, after a glance at his visitor. "Won't you be forced to? World market and all

Barton shook his head. "Taking it off another end of the expense, Mr. Garfinkle. Thought I'd let you know we're changing things around at our pier so as to avoid switching, trucking and insurance charges. Modern loading methods. Ever figure up what the insurance is on freight that is in transit from a warehouse to a ship?"
"I have," Garfinkle answered. "But

A Twist of the Wrist -A Flood of Heat F THE WRIST

USALYTE, the
new heating
Invention, makes every gasjet a furnace for chilly
weather heating. No shoveling. No coal bills. A mere
twist of the wrist!

New in principle beautile, beautithe nearmy with the new and exclusive in-built mantle, for heating and lighting.

With the mantle, for \$2.25 keating and lighting.

For heating only. \$1.75 for many your dealer or direct from your dealer or direct from the state of the sta J. I. ROBIN & SONS Inc. 130% 131 Stand PARK Ave NEW YORK CITY





describes causes of deafness; tellahow and why the MORLEY PHONE affords relief. Over 100,000 sold. The Moriey Company, 26 S. ISB S., Dept. 774, Philadelpia.







eekly

t

od

as-lly ov-ere

ıti-

or,

:5

you have less than ten months to make good in, haven't you?"

For the first time the young man's eyes clouded. He sighed. Then he squared his shoulders.

"I'll make it," he said quietly.

During the next six months San Francisco began to bet unobtrusively on the outcome of what was undeniably, a battle to the death between the Hunt and the Buckingham Lines. The odds favored Ben Buckingham and wiseacres based their predictions on a single fact.

Hunt took his worries to Garfinkle at st. "You know what they say about y general manager?" he demanded

"Facts are my stock in trade," was the

response. "Before you peddle me some gossip, hand me a little of the genuine article. Is your line making money?"

"A little," Hunt admitted, rubbing his grizzled pate uneasily. "The saloons are grizzled pate uneasily. "The saloons are filled each voyage and freight is coming our way. But, hang it all! It doesn't seem—it doesn't seem permanent!"
"I see," Garfinkle assented. "It's

freight here from an unexpected quarter and a thousand tons there picked up by

"And Ben Buckingham jogs along with his steady customers and his freight wait-ing ahead."

"In other words," Garfinkle said,

Buckingham still has the better of it People think he's going to outlast you? Merely feed you along till they see whether you're a fixture in the Pacific Trade?"

"It looks that way."
"All right," Garfinkle remarked. "We worrying you."

"It's about Jimmie Barton."

"They think when worst comes to worst, Ben will buy him away from me," Hunt whispered. "That's the talk: when I'm just on the point of winning out, Ben will just on the point of winning out, Ben will wishess. "Barte

just on the point of winning out, take Jimmie away from me."

Garfinkle's steely eyes met his caller's. "I'm not in the habit of going people's "be said coldly. "But Barton is honest. Money-

wretchedly

RLEY

ondered prospect. Further words were needless between them. Ben Buckingham held Would he play them? Could trumps.

Presently Garfinkle leaned forward and

then snapped, "You know Eleanor Buckingham?

Since she was six," Garfinkle answered

'Do anything for her dad?"

"Only person who will," Garfinkle admitted. "And Ben is quite capable of making capital out of his girl—in what he would think a perfectly honest way.

'Jimmie Barton never sees her. 'So I understand."

'Never goes where he might meet her." "Gives one the notion he's staying away from temptation?" Garfinkle remarked from temptation?" Garfinkle remarked.
"Yet I'll be bound he loves her. I know Jimmie. Not the kind to change. And Eleanor is worth any man's loyalty." Garfinkle pounded the desk. "And neither you nor I would blame him if he threw the Hunt Line to the dogs and married her!

Garret Hunt moistened his lips. "That's it, Garfinkle. If he does, I'm broke. I go to the wall. He's made my line all over and only Barton can keep it going. But if I were Jimmie, I'd tell the world go hang—I'd tell Garret Hunt to go hang if it were a question of winning Eleanor Buckingham. There you are, Garfinkle! I couldn't blame him! Ben holds the winning card."

They were silent again. Garfinkle poke first. "Hinted anything to Jimspoke first. mie?

"Not a word, not a whisper! Yet the boy must know what people say. He must be thinking about it. He has—I am sure—decided."

"I fancy he has," Garfinkle admitted slowly. "Barton is that kind. He settles his problems in advance. And we all know that Eleanor liked him. She obeyed her father when he forbade her listening to She'll obey him again when he tells her Jimmie is their business salvation. That puts it up to Jimmie Barton.

"It does.

"And you still have how long to go— before the showdown?"

"I'm edging along pretty wel!, Garfinkle Making money slowly. Give me a couple of years more and I needn't fear Buckingham. But Ben will strike before that. He's losing. He's lying awake nights and planning. Lately he's got kind of serious instead of furious, as he usually is. He's plotting. He thinks he can win. And each morning I come down to the office expecting to find Barton waiting in my office to say he resigns.

"Eleanor Buckingham is in the Orient, isn't she?"

"Hongkong, visiting her uncle," Hunt responded. "Expected home month after

With this inconclusive talk Garfinkle and Hunt separated. Things went on as usual for some weeks. True, the papers still marked each arrival of a Princess by stories of engagements, of novel affairs. General Manager Jimmie Barton was never known to fail in every attention to those who found their happy mates under

the Hunt flag.

"Gimme a couple more years and I'll begin godfathering on both sides of the Pacific," he remarked one night when he and his employer had sat late over various

"Barton," Mr. Hunt rasped, "you are young yourself. You ought to settle down with a wife yourself."

I'm not in the habit of going people's onds," he said coldly. "But Barton is onest. Money—"
"Not money," Hunt answered retchedly.

In the silence the two men sat and ondered this new and devastating absent-minded. Eleanor is due in three money."

Garfinkle nodded.

"But I can stay my execution a little," the other went on wryly. "I'm going to send Jimmie Barton across to Yokohama said gravely, "Have you observed anything to make you believe that gossip?"
Hunt hesitated, stirred uneasily and I didn't think it right——"

"You didn't dare

Hunt corrected himself. "I didn't dare send him over when he'd surely meet Eleanor. They'll pass in mid-ocean. I've given him enough to do to keep him three months

in the Far East. Meanwhile—"
"He's going?" Garfinkle asked curiously

"Arranged it with him this morning. He made no argument—agreed somebody ought to go and attend to matters there. Sails day after tomorrow on the Alicia."

The papers duly announced the de-parture of General Manager James Barton to Yokohama on business for his line, and old Ben Buckingham summoned his

"Siddick, you're getting more useless every day. I'm sick of seeing you around. Go to Yokohama on the Mandarin tomorrow and keep an eye on Barton. Report to me daily."

He summoned his private stenographer. "Siddick is off on business on the Mandarin," he told her gruffly. "Take his desk. First thing, the *Emperor* will arrive a week from today. My girl will be on board. I want you to fix up some kind of reception for her—dinner and dance—hang the expense! See her aunts and all that. You have good judgment. Use it.

The second and concluding part of this story will appear in next week's "Leslie's")

Importers Prices Direct On DIAMONDS



E are diamond importers. We buy direct from the cutters in Europe and sell direct to you by mail. In that way we eliminate brokers' profits and save you in many cases from 35% to 50% of retail prices on diamonds. This year we are able to offer more extraordinary values than at any time in our 42 years of husiness. at any time in our 42 years of business. Through the vastly increased buying

power of the American dollar in Europe wewere able to make large purchases far below maket prices. We are giving customers the benefit of these big savings in the new 1921 Basch De Luxe Diamond Book. Acopy is waiting for you free. Send coupon today. Just compare the amazingly low prices in our Diamond Book with retailers' prices and judge for yourself. ower of the American dollar in prices and judge for yourself.

1921 Basch De Luxe Diamond Book Free

Let us send you at once this great book displaying thousands of wonderful diamond offers at rock-bottom, importers prices—no profits to middlemen. The book also tells you just how to judge diamonds—tells you exact meaning and importance of color, brilliancy, degree of perfection, carbon spots, etc.—how to know when you get your money's worth. See our list of remarkable diamond offers. Get the Basch Diamond Book TODAY



Money Back Guarantee

Free Examination

Any diamend from our catalog will be sent for free "xamination, You pay nothing until convinced that you are saving money. We take the risk.

Coupon Brings Free Book

Our big Diamond Book is a guide to the best diamond offers obtainable. It presents, also, rare values in fine watches, jewelry, cutlery, silverware, etc. Don't fail to see the money-saving offers of the House of Basch. Send coupon. (Postcard will do).

L. BASCH & CO. State and Quincy Sts.

L. BASCH & CO., Diamond Headquarters Quincy and State Sts., Dept. (360) Chicago Please send me free, without obligation, your 1921 Basch De Luxe Diamond Book showing your new offers in diamond and iswalry.



THIS amusing picture, in full colors, 9 x 12, mounted on a heavy mat, ready for the frame, will be sent postpaid for

25 Cents

JUDGE ART PRINT DEPARTMENT

225 Fifth Avenue

New York City



Six Per Cent Plus

"I WOULD rather get six per cent plus satisfaction and peace of mind," writes one of our customers, "than take a chance to get a higher rate with constant worry. trouble and the possibility of loss

The bonds safeguarded under the Straus Plan meet this demand. They not six po cent plus—plus safety, plus thorough in vestment service, plus satisfaction and peace of mind, plus 4% Federal Income Tax paid. Write today for our current In-vestment Guide which describes a diversi-fied selection of these sound bonds. Ask for Booklet J-1003

S.W.STRAUS & CO.

Established 1882 Incorporated 150 Broadway Straus Building New York

First Mortgage Bonds Exclusively
38 years without loss to any investor

Chicago

Saving and Investing

are the two direct roads to financial independence.

If you can save regularly an exceptional opportunity is at hand.

Prices of thoroughly seasoned bonds and preferred stocks are now available at prices to return

8% to 10% annually

on the investment.

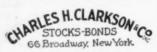
Such chances for the advan-tageous placing of funds as are now offered may not be presented again for years.

Let us tell you

How to Buy

sound securities at present at-tractive prices and pay for them over a period ranging from one to

Write Dept. LW-19 for booklet— Thrift-Savings-Investment, together with sample copy of The Investment News. Sent gratis.





JASPER'S HINTS



Notice.—Subscribers to Leslie's Weekly at the home office, 225 Fifth Avenue, New York, are placed on what is known as "Jasper's Preferred List," entitling them to the early delivery of their weekly and to answers to inquiries on financial questions and, in emergencies, to answers by telegraph. Preferred subscribers must remit \$7 directly to the office of Leslie's in New York and not through any subscription agency. No charge is made for answering questions, and all communications are treated confidentially. A two-cent postage stamp should always be inclosed. All inquiries should be addressed to "Jasper," Financial Editor, Leslie's Weekly 225 Fifth Avenue, New York. Full name and exact street address, or number of postoffice box should always be given. Anonymous communications will not be answered. The privileges of this department are not extended to members of clubs who are not individual subscribers.

agree that adverse influences are continually aggravated and favorable ones largely neutralized by the weight of existing excessive taxation. The present Federal tax system was hurriedly devised by in-experienced and unscientific legislators under the pressure of a great war, and its imperfections are so gross that radical modification of it is a growing necessity. Especially has that feature providing for tax tion of excess profits become an intolerable handicap to enterprise and a burden on the consuming public. The unjust workings of excess profit taxes instigate business men to indulge in unnecessary and often wasteful expenditure. They make various outlays that they would get along without were the sums they spent not taken from the amount they would otherwise pay to the Govern-These taxpayers justify themselves by the too-well-founded suspicion that if they do not use the money the political powers that be may misuse it. Thus by the very harshness of its exactions the Government is losing revenue.

Dependence for income on such a varying and uncertain quantity as the profits of business is a poor permanent policy for any government. There should be a more solid and reliable basis on which to levy contributions for its support. The excess profits rolled up in wartime no longer are feasible. Profits are shrinking toward normal as peacetime continues, and before long tribute to the Government from this source must become comparatively trifling. It is al-ready imperative to design a substitute stream for this diminishing flow into the treasury's reservoir.

To the consumer the excess profits tax is a far more serious matter than most of us have realized. This tax is invariably added by manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers to the prices of goods produced and distributed. That is, it is pyramided, made cumu-lative, so that the consumer, so far as he buys, pays the taxes which he fondly sup-posed fell on maker and dealer. Every man, woman, and child in the United States today feels the evil effects of taxes pro-longed far beyond the emergency which alone gave them sanction. One of the most urgent duties of Congress will be the prompt and sensible overhauling of our obnoxious taxation scheme

But with what shall we replace it? Nothing better so far has been recommended than the levying of a 1 per cent. tax on "the nation's gross sales or turnover, of whatevershid or nature." This plan has been effectively advocated by financiers of standing, like J. S. Bache, Otto Kahn, and many others, and it is urged by the Business Men's National Steel Proceedings of the Pr But with what shall we replace it? Nothing better so far has been recommended than

PINIONS may differ as to coming | tional Tax Committee, an influential body. general conditions in the business and financial world, but all men income tax altogether. The latter, it is planned, will be improved so as to raise the limit of exemption, abolish surtaxes, and institute a graduated income tax lighter than is now the case. Such revision of the income tax would also be an act of justice to many who suffer from present inequalities.

gross sales tax would, it is estimated, vield \$4.000,000,000 to \$6,000,000,000 a year, sufficient, with income tax and possible protective tariff proceeds, to meet governmental outlays and leave a margin for the retirement of our war bonds. While the system now in effect is maddeningly complicated and collection of its levies extremely expensive, the gross sales tax would be simple and dues under it should be collectable easily and cheaply. The present plan, it is calculated, increases the cost of products to the consumer not less than 23 per cent. The gross sales tax would also be passed on to the consumer, but, as figured, it would add only about 3 per cent. to the cost of his purchases. Thus it would reduce H. C. L. by about 20 per cent., a material advantage that popular sentiment is likely to demand. The details of the plan should, of course, be carefully worked out by Congress so as to void injustices or evasions, but the central dea is rapidly growing in favor.

With our taxation system properly deigned, the relief to general business would be immense. Impetus would be given to enterprise throughout the land. securities now selling low because their holders dumped them in order to procure tax-exempt issues would again become desirable and be sought for. The financial market would show new life, for then more of the profits of investment and speculation would accrue to those who risk their capital on issues of governments and corporations.

corporations.

G. Harrisburg, PA.: The best purchase for you seems to be a first-class real estate or farm mortgage bond. Market fluctuations do not affect such issues and you can have peace of mind, safety and a satisfactory interest rate.

J. Springfield, Mass.: New Haven Railroad stock has been aided by substantial improvement in operating efficiency and hopes that the 40 per cent. increase in freight rates will result in large earnings. But even at the best the stock will for a long time be speculative.

L. WHELING, W. VA.: There has been improvement in the earnings of American Agricultural Chemical Company. Net for the year ending Juna 30, 1920, were \$11.18 a snare on common, against \$7.89 a share in the preceding year. This would seem to assure maintenance of the present dividend rate of 8 per cent.

Prudence-Bonds

are as safe as the -BECAUSE ground you walk on

> First-They are secured by first mortgages on selected income-producing properties.

Second-These properties are selected by life-time experts in judging property values

Third-We issue Bonds against a first mortgage only when the buildings are actually built

urth-We Guarantee with every dollar of our resources every dollar of your resources that you invest in Prudence-Bonds

We have prepared a booklet describing Prudence-Bonds in detail which will send to you without charge or obligation

Ask for Booklet L. E. 67

We pay the 4% Normal Federal Income Tax

Realty Associates **Investment Corporation**

31 Nassau Street, New York 162 Remsen Street, Brooklyn

Prudence-Bonds are issued in denominations of \$100, \$500 and \$1000

> GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, TRUSTEE OF THIS ISSU



Trading Zones

The Stop Los Averaging The Technical room
Making the Trade The Market Trend

The above six chapters of our booklet explain methods used by successful traders. 24 pages illustrated by graphs. Written by an expert. Copy on Request.

SEXSMITH & Co.

107 Liberty Street New York

THE BACHE REVIEW

Clear, condensed information weekly, on situation in business and financial world. Valuable to investors and business men.

THE STOCK MARKET

WILLIAM H. HERBST

New York City

Weekly

ds

JSE

Tax

n

s of

rk

uable

fork

Are Stocks a

Is it time to get in on the next broad rise in stocks? How about the money situation?

What about bonds?

Babson's Reports

Babson's recent Barometer Letter gives you the plain, unbiased facts on the present situation, and fore-casts coming conditions with re-markable accuracy. It contains information of vital importance to every investor.

REPORT ON REQUEST

This Letter and Booklet, "Getting the Most from Your Money", will be sent to interested Investors, gratis. Clip out the Memo—now—and hand it to your secretary when you dictate the morning's mail.

Merely Ask for Bulletin K-23

The Babson Statistical Organization Wellesley Hills, 82, Boston, Mass. The Largest Organization of its Character is the World.

CLIP OFF HERE

MEMO For Your Secretary







G.L.MILLER & COMPANY, MIAMI, FLA.

OKLAHOMA FARM MORTGAGES



GODFREY-BREWER INVESTMENT CO. OKLAHOMA CITY

Under this Heading "Free Booklets for Investors"

on this page you will find a descriptive list of booklets and circulars of information which will be of great value in arranging your invest-ments to produce maximum yield with safety. A number of them are prepared especially for the smaller investor and the "beginner in investing.

Wall, Nuts By

James Montgomery Flagg



This clever picture, in full colors, 11x14, mounted on heavy mat, ready for the frame, sent prepaid for twenty - five cents.

JUDGE ART PRINT 225 Fifth Avenue New York City

speculative possibilities under the workings of the new railroad act: Rock Island 7 per cent. and 6 per cent. preferred, C. C. & St. L. preferred, Colorado & Southern 1st preferred, Kansa City Southern preferred, Pere Marquette 1st preferred, and Courteen Perina Perin

Southern preferred, Pere Marquette 1st preferred, and Southern Railway preferred.

H., OYSTER BAY, N. Y.: The Long Island R. R. refunding mortgage gold 4's due in 1949 are a direct obligation of the railroad and are guaranteed, principal and interest, by the Pennsylvania R. R. Co. They have sold as high as 100. Recently quoted at a price to yield 6¼ per cent.

S. PITTSBURGH, PA.: Railroad bonds well secured and making a high yield include B. & O. ref. 5's, C. & O. secured 5's, St. Paul ref. 5's, Rock Island ref. 4's, Missouri Pacific gen. 4's, Southern Railway dev. 4's, St. Louis & San Fran. prior lien 4's. These issues make return on market price ranging from about 6.6 per cent. to 7.9 per cent. R., INDIANA, PA.: A group of stocks comprising Union Pacific, Kansas City Southern preferred. Pressed Steel Car, Marland Refining, Nipissing, and Dominion Oil would make a fair diversity. All are dividend paying. Union Pacific, Pressed Steel Car and Kansas City Southern preferred are the best of the list. The other three are more speculative. S., MINEOLA, N. Y. The Brooklyn Edison Co. Inc.'s general mortgage series C 7 per cent. gold bonds due in 1930 have lately been selling at a price to yield over 7½ per cent. The company is in a strong financial position. It has paid 8 per cent. on its common stock for 16 years. Its earnings applicable to charges during the past fiscal year were nearly three times interest requirements.

W., PHILADELPHIA, P.A.: St. Louis Southwestern cons. 4's and terminal 5's are better secured than St. Louis-San Francisco income 6's and are therefore safer. Income 6's are issued in denomination of \$1,000 only. The terminal 5's are in denomination of \$1,000 and up. General Motor 6 per cent. and 7 per cent. debs. are recommendable business men's purchases.

L., WINDSOR, VT.: The Hartford Electric Light Co.'s new ten-year 7 per cent. gold notes are attractive. The company pays the normal Federal income tax up to 2 per cent.

M., CHICAGO, ILL.: Among railroad b onds that are legal investments for sav

Free Booklets for Investors

No reader of the "Bache Review" fails to profit by its clear information and its valuable sugges-tions. Copies free on application to J. S. Bache & Co., members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 42 Broad-way, New York.

way, New York.

The convenience of banking by mail, with the reward of 4 per cent. interest on deposits, is oftered by the Citizens Savings & Trust Co. of Cleveland, Ohio to every reader of this paper, no matter where he lives. It is worth while to write to the bank for its free booklet L.

Shrewd forcessing.

Onlo to every reader of this paper, no matter where he lives. It is worth while to write to the bank for its free booklet L.

Shrewd forecasting is a wonderful aid to the buyer or seller of securities. The "Investment News" published by Charles H. Clarkson & Co., 66 Broadway, New York, helps its readers in this matter and enables them to judge what to buy and how to buy. The firm will mail interesting descriptive literature to anyone who applies.

Almost every thrifty person can put by enough to prepare for a rainy day by the purchase of sound securities. Under the monthly instalment plan operated by Dunham & Co., 43 Exchange Place, New York, those of limited means can buy what the great capitalists regard with favor. For details write to Dunham & Co. for 30-DD

An informing booklet, L-15, on the Standard Gas & Electric Company may be obtained from H. M. Byllesby & Co., 115 Broadway, New York, or 206 S. LaSalle Street, Chicago. The properties back of the Standard Gas & Electric Co. have a notable record for stability and over 15,000 of the company's customers have become its stockholders. This investment opportunity is worthy the attention of all enterprising investors.

Bonds may safely be bought by mail from the reputable and well-known Mercantile Trust Company of St. Louis, Mo. This is a strong institution and a member of the Federal Reserve system. The company will supply descriptions of





There are a lot of folks in these United States who will sympathize with this cunning youngster's desire for a drink.

This dimpled infant reminding Mamma that it's bottle time expresses an emotion not uncommon these days.

It would be hard to resist the appeal of this picture, one of the many noted covers that have appeared on JUDGE, 'The Happy Medium.'

Reproduced in full colors, mounted on a double mat, all ready for framing, this appealing picture is yours for 25 cents, postage prepaid.

"I WANT A DRINK

JUDGE ART PRINT DEPARTMENT
225 Fifth Avenue New York City

Are You Reading

the witty, informative articles on the "Moshun Pitcher" industry now appearing weekly in JUDGE? They are the sanest things in print concerning the "Movies" and are written by the best informed man in the country connected with the business that controls the thoughts and emotions of

Ten Million People a Day

Who makes the movies? What makes 'em move? When do they tick? What are they doing—what have they done—what will they do—to Isadore and Silas, not to mention you and me?

Read Lenso every week in "The Happy Medium"-

JUDGE







Stamps for sale at post offices, banks, depart-

places. Look for the letters .

ADVERTISING IN FILM FUN PAYS

As comments from our advertisers testify:
"Sales at very low cost." "Paid remarkably well." "A constant leader."
and many others—let us tell you more.

Rate, Fifty Cents a Line; Two Hundred Dollars a Page

Published monthly by

The Leslie-Judge Company, 225 Fifth Avenue, New York



I. Z. Miller, Jr.

Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank in Kansas City, Mo. Mr. Miller is a banker of much ability and of the highest stand-ing in his section of the Union.



H. J. Alexander

of Denver, Colo., president of the First National Bank of that city, vice-president of the International Trust Co.. and a man of influence in financial circles.



Of Mansfield; La., president of the Bank of Commerce & Trust Co., an president of the Louisi and Bankers Association One of the prominen financers in his State.

bonds in denominations of \$100, \$500, and \$1,000, yielding up to 8 per cent., which it recommends to conservative investors. Ask the company to forward its current list LB106.

The "Investment Guide," issued by S. W. Straus & Co., 150 Broadway, New York, and Straus Bldg., Chicago, describes a diversified selection of bonds safeguarded under the Straus plan, which has stood the test of years. These bonds are based on real estate, are amply secured, yield 6 per cent., and the issuers pay the Federal income tax up to 4 per cent. To obtain complete information regarding Bldg. A'lanta, Ga.

An Ex-Newsboy with 8,000 Partners

(Concluded from page 422)

over to them.

Recently he sold the ten-story office building at No. 27 Pine Street New York, at a half million profit. It was in this building coincidentally that an unscrupulous partner in the early days took advantage of Andrews' youthful trust. Perhaps he bought this building inspired by the same sentimental idea that resulted in the purchase of the Chicago building in front

of which he sold newspapers.

He owns homes in New York, Los
Angeles and Chicago. He is the principal figure of the California Hotel Company— which operates those three great Cali-fornia hotels—the Maryland, Alexandria

and Green.

On his California estate there is now being constructed a fifty-four-hole golf course—the largest in America—which will Andrews builds a great cost \$500,000. business, erects big buildings in the great cities, but he seems stirred always by the call of Nature.

Andrews has no formulas for success. He believes chiefly in work and confidence. Education, he believes to be a great asset, if rightly employed. And yet he never asks a prospective employee if he has had a college education. He did not have this advantage, but he repaired the omissions by wide reading and has never lost his

fifty and he is going to turn the business for music. All the great works are familiar to him, as are the great interpreters, and it scarcely needs pointing out that the love of any of the arts is apt to make a man educate himself.

He believes men should marry young. He gives married men preference when it comes to promotion in his organizationother abilities being equal. He employs several men under thirty years of age who are making \$25,000 a year, and one executive in the West at the age of twenty-nine is paid a salary of \$40,000 a year. Although Andrews is an out-of-doors

man, an expert golfer, yachtsman, medalwinning amateur boxer and wrestler, he spends a certain number of hours each week in studying. Nature endowed him with keen perceptive powers, a retentive memory and great mental vigor. In his offices in various parts of the country-he has an office waiting for him in every city where he has a branch—there will be found books of science, philosophy, his tory, biography, general literature. He is fond of his friends, but his interest is centered in his wife and his two children— Eleanor and Archie, Jr.

Archie M. Andrews is the type of American that is making this country the

One Man Plus a Country Town Plus an Idea

(Concluded from page 422)

"In our case one man put the mon up and risked getting it back," said Mr. Aughinbaugh. "I went down to Urbana and picked up an old outfit for \$110, installed it, and ran it until we could buy the outfit you have just seen. We have taken in as high as \$210 in a single night in this schoolhouse.

These community moving picture theaters do not operate every night in the week, only a few nights, sometimes one night. It is in this way they have an ad-vantage over ordinary picture shows, which would not thus be able to make expenses. In the case of these school shows every one donates his or her services. The profits go to help out the community. Whenever a show is announced farmers come miles in every direction to attend. They have an opportunity of seeing "Les Miserables," "The Shepherd of the Hills," whatever may be the headliner that month, the same as people in the

County Superintendent J. C. Neer is an

"Where did you get the money to start enthusiast for the community moving all this?" I asked. project the rural people are given oppor tunities of recreation and diversion with-out having to drive miles to some town and there is an added social value of assembling among themselves," he said. "The char-acter of the pictures can be safeguarded and the educational features are used in connection with school work. Some of the best films founded on literary masterpieces are used in connection with the reading of the classics, also for work in geography study and agriculture, and current events. Visual education will play a more important part in the child's education than heretofore. These pictures are more val-uable than textbooks; very much more valuable than books when objects are seen in motion with all their proper settings and environment."

What is being accomplished in these Ohio country villages can be accomplished elsewhere. The country town is always present. All that is necessary are the man or woman and the idea.

R. P. Crawford.

A New Day Is Dawning on the World

Both before and since the Great War, Mankind has been dragging its spiritual anchors, and despite the splendid idealism that impelled us into the European War, our Civilization is rapidly drifting towards shipwreck on the shoals of a crude materialism made in Germany and now exploited throughout the world.

Is man merely an economic, money-grabbing, food-getting animal, as the peddlers of certain patent nostrums for curing social ills would have us believe? Or, has he a soul and a well-founded hope for a Future Life?

How this Future Life is being scientifically proved—the ACTUAL METHODS employed—the ACTUAL RESULTS attained—are among the astounding revelations found in

The Library of the Occult and **Psychical Sciences**

Hereward Carrington, Ph.D., and William S. Walsh, F. A. M. A.

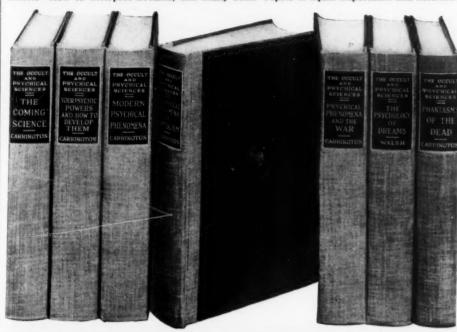
WHETHER the universe is at basis material or spiritual lies at the root of all moral law, all philosophy and science—of civilization itself-and is the most important question before the world today. It is The Coming Science.

The validity of the evidence pointing to an invisible world, the future abode of man, so near our own that the veil might be torn or lifted, is now admitted by many of the greatest minds of the day. Heretofore we have been studying merely the Material World of Products and Effects. The World of Causes and Forces lies all unexplored before us. It is into this fascinating field—the border-line of the Unknown, the dim, mysterious region that lies between MIND and MATTER, between physical and spiritual forces and energies, that we are carried by these marvellous volumes, that voice the last word of Science upon the phenomena of Spiritism, the Occult and the Psychic.

Do the Dead Live and Communicate?

THE MYSTERY OF EXISTENCE—THE GREATEST QUESTIONS OF ALL TIME

are discussed in clear and understandable language: What Happens at the Moment of Death—How We Progress in the Spirit World—Messages from the Beyond—Our Hidden Forces—How to Develop Our Psychic Powers—The Sexes Hereafter—Ghosts and Haunted Houses—Forms Created by Will—How Spirit Photography is Possible—How to Obtain Thought Photographs—How Mental Telepathy Operates—The Marvels of Materialization—Reincarnation and Eastern Philosophy—The Genuine and the Fraudulent in Spiritism—Projection of the Astral Body—Mastering the Self—Fear and How to Banish It—The Three Laws of Success—Personal Magnetism—Spiritual Healing—Cultivating the "Sixth Sense"—Power over Animate and Inanimate Matter—How to Interpret Dreams, and many other Topics of equal Importance and Interest.





EMINENT SCIENTISTS AND SCHOLARS WHO ENDORSE THIS STUDY

Prof. Curie Prof. Lombroso Sir William Crookes Sir J. J. Thomson Prof. Flammarion Sir W. F. Barrett Dr. J. H. Hyslop Lord Rayleigh Sir Oliver Lodge

Hon. A. J. Balfour

Sir A. Conan Dovle Prof. Sidgwick Prof. Bergson Prof. Richet Dr. G. Geley Prof. Balfour Stewart

And many others of equal prominence.

SEVEN SPLENDID STIMULATING VOLUMES

that will make clear to you many things you despaired of understanding before. Each volume 8¼ x 5½ inches.

Art Craft De Luxe Binding with Titles Stamped in Gold—Beautifully Printed—Many Unique Illustrations, Including Psychic and Spirit Photographs.

A SPECIALLY LOW BEFORE-PUBLICATION PRICE

Costs of Material and Labor are soaring daily. Immediate orders only can be accepted at the before-publication price, which is based on

only can be accepted at the before-publication price, which is based on present costs.

When the books are off the presses and out of the hands of the binders a material increase in price will be necessary. You will save money ordering TODAY.

Books ready soon and orders filled strictly in rotation.

MONEY BACK IF NOT SATISFIED

SEND \$1.00 WITH COUPON, OR \$15.50, if you want to save! the cash discount of \$1.50

BRUNSWICK SUBSCRIPTION CO. Le-10-2-20 416 Brunswick Bldg., New York City
Enclosed is \$1.00 first payment on the 7-volume set of Library of Occult and Psychical Sciences to be shipped charges prepaid. I agree to renut \$2.00 a month for 8 months following receipt of books. Otherwise, I will, within 5 days, ask for instructions for the return of the set, my \$1.00 to be refunded on its receipt.
Name
Address
OccupationState

Louisi-iation. minent tate. & Co. for ds pay

f Com

are va r Invest

t works t inter-ing out apt to young. when it ation-

mplovs ge who execu-nine is f-doors medal-ler, he s each

tentive In his ry—he ill be He is Iren-

pe of place yre. a

oving icture ppor-withbling chararded ed in of the pieces ng of

aphy ents. than more seen

these com n is v are

d.



Mrs. Fox was bragging one day about the large number of her cubs. "How many cubs do you bring into the world at one time?" she asked the Lioness.

"Only ONE," replied the Lioness—"but it's a LION."

MURADS COST 20 CENTS for a BOX of 10 - BUT THEY'RE MURADS!

MURADS would be lower priced if we left out all or part of the 100% Turkish tobaccos of the purest and best varieties grown-or if we substituted inferior grades of Turkish tobacco.

But they wouldn't be MURADS—they'd only be Foxes!

"Judge for Yourself—!"

Special attention is called to Murad 20s in Tin Boxes

Angrayros Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish